BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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POLITICAL NOTES.

—It may be paridoxical, but its nevertheless quite true, that the more the people think of Democracy the less they think of it.

—The gist of Col. McClure's salutatory in his new paper, the Philadelphia *Times*, is that, politically speaking, he purposes to play a lone hand.

—The women of Missouri who own real estate in cities are hereafter to be allowed to vote on proposed street improvements. This is a step in the right direction. What is there to prevent Pennsylvania from following suit?

—Why is it that all the distorted views and insane ravings of the Southern Democratic press are accepted by the Northern organs of that party as veritable inspirations of wisdom and truth? This truckling doughfacery is not a little ominous.

—We observe, in various Democratic papers, expressions of a certain amount of gratification at the "check" which that party received in New Hampshire last Tuesday, "as tending to restrain the more imprudent members of the party." Restrain them from what?

—Down in Texes there is a conflict of authority between the Federal and State authorities touching the right of the former to arrest and hold counterfeiters. The local Democratic Government, being itself counterfeit, naturally sympathizes and sides with the latter.

—The St. Louis *Republican* is persistent in its demand that the next national Democratic convention shall be held in that city. By way of preliminary preparation for the event, the municipal government has been completely turned over to the control of bummers and roughs.

—Democratic editors have said a great deal about Gen. Grant's love of horse flesh. It now appears that Gov. Tilden, of New York, has rented the finest stable in Albany and sent up a splendid lot of nags to use during his official term. Now let Democratic editors give Tilden a few cuts of the editorial whip—or is this a horse of another color?

—A tendency is noticeable in the "independent" press, these days, to lukewarmness of utterance in their praises of Democracy. The Springfield *Republican*, Cincinnati *Commercial*, and New York *Tribune* have cold comfort and discouraging prophecies for the Democratic brethren since the news from New Hampshire.

—The Democratic press persists in claiming a substantial victory in New Hampshire. So did John Phœnix when he inserted his nose between his opponent's teeth. But what is the reason that the result has had the effect every where to make those papers warn their party friends not to be so reckless in the use of power as they were in the Granite State?

—The frantic appeal of that Wilmington sheet to the Bourbons of Delaware to "organize and arm," reminds one of the fervid incoherence of the frightened but patriotic Vermonter, during the St. Albans raid, who, calling for volunteers, said: "Every man who loves his country and is willing to go to St. Albans, will at once form himself into two ranks!"

—The gratuitous insult offered the people of New Hampshire by the Democratic party in shipping rebel generals into their State to instruct them in their political duty, was very nobly as well as thoroughly avenged. We trust the managers of that party will now send these White League missionaries into Connecticut to teach political ethics and obligations to the citizens of that State.

—The New Hampshire election shows, among other things, how great a vote can be got out in a sharp contest. Population of State being 320,000, the full vote, this year, will be more than 75,000, or almost one in every four of the inhabitants. At the same ratio in our own State, we should cast about 850,000 votes, an aggregate which in our hottest fights, we have never reached.

—The Plymouth *Index* has a comforting but chilly item. It says Elder Hyatt has baptized in the Susquehanna river 101 persons in the last three and a half months.

THE DEMOCRACY MAKING HISTORY FOR ITSELF.

The Democratic papers throughout the State are trying as well as they can, to excuse the disgraceful proceedings of the House of representatives at Harrisburg. We do not wonder, for more disgraceful scenes were never enacted by any legislative body since history has been written. With feelings of shame, must any lover of the good old State founded by William Penn, look upon such a scene; where men elected by the people to serve them in the capacity of law makers, to make just laws for the good of all the governed; when they see them give loose to blind unbridled passions, and play off before high heaven the very lowest feats of animal and brutal men; when they revel in intemperance; when they profane the the name of God; when they resort to injustice, fraud and violence; when they bring degradation and abasement upon our State and its people, no true man, we say, can look upon such a scene without a feeling of shame and commiseration. At the all night session of Friday, March 12th, the disgraceful scenes of this most disgraceful of Democratic bodies, culminated in the most shameful scene of all. It lasted from seven o'clock in the evening to seven in the morning. A correct version of the affair is given by the Blair County *Radical*, which we quote:

"All parliamentary laws, and even the rules of ordinary politeness and common decency were trampled upon, the Speaker smoking a cigar in the chair, the members gathering around the clerks, dictating the endorsement of the bills, calling each other and the chief clerk liars, accusing each other of unfair and dishonest practices, and acting more like a drunken mob than a deliberative body. At 3:30 the gas was turned off and the House left in darkness. Then began a scene indescribable—shouting, cursing, stamping—as disgusting as it was disgraceful. After the gas was turned on, bills were passed by simply reading the titles, and when less than a majority of members were present, flagrant violations of the Constitution and open disregard of law. At 4:30 the Boom bill was reached, when Mr. Reyburn, Republican, of Philadelphia, rose to a question of privilege, and explained why the gas was turned off. The correspondent of the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, who was present, refers to Mr. Reyburn's remarks as follows:

'He called the attention of the House to the fact, that while the gas had been turned off, he had seen a dark whiskered man, whose name he had ascertained to be Brown, talk to members and go through some very suspicious movements and suddenly disappear. This man was a lobyist for the bill. He also charged, that in one of the side-rooms of the Capitol, liquors and cigars had been distributed, and he had seen man after man taken into that room. He brought this matter up, not from any motives of frivolity, but was willing to come before the bar of the House and take his oath as to the facts. He originally intended to vote for the bill, but, after seeing these things, would vote against it. No action was taken by the House on this subject.'

Of couse not. No Democratic legislature was ever known to take action against its own members for bribery or any kind of corruption, no difference how clear the proof."

THE *Times* is the name of a new daily paper, that has recently been lighted up in the wake of the defunct Democratic *Age*, the latter having been snuffed out in Philladelphia for want of patronage. It is announced, that the *Times* is under the guardianship of Aleck McClure, a politician of some note, who went into political bankruptcy immediatly after Governor Hartranft's election in 1872. The *Times* proposes to "show up" rings, cliques and corrupt politicians. We suggest that as Mr. McClure has been one of the most corrupt politicians that has cursed the State of Pennsylvania, he would show some consistancy in his new calling, by publishing *his* own autobiography first.

THEN MR. LO SHALL LEARN WAR NO MORE.

In the REPUBLICAN of Dec. 16th, 1871, we advanced the idea that the government had always pursued a mistaken policy in regard to the Indians. The remedy which we proposed for all our frontier troubles was entirely new, and we hardly expected it to attract much notice, but since the issue of that paper we have seen many similar suggestions. In our issue of Dec. 16th, we say: "We have always doubted the wisdom of the course pursued towards these savage people. Our government has always forced them farther west. The idea has seemed to be to get them out of the way as far as possible from the influence of civilized socity. As a consequence, they have always been on the outskirts and continually harrassed the advance pickets of civilization. We think the best policy that could be adopted, and the cheapest in the end would be, instead of forcing them farther West, to send them to the extreme East, and divide them into little squads and distribute through the most thickly settled parts of our oldest states. Let the extremes of civilization meet and Mr. Lo will learn war no more."

We see now, that Gen. Pope has recommended a plan, similar in some respects to the above, which is being carried out with respect to the captured Cheyenne, Arapahoe and Kiowa Indians, under the directions of the War Department. We are glad to see that many of the leading papers, without regard to party, heartily endorse the plan as offering a practical solution of this vexed question in the only way as it seems to us, that it can be settled, except by that most revolting method of extermination, which is a disgrace to the civilization of the age. If they are forced East instead of West, their power to do harm will be at an end. They will be subject to our laws, and compelled to work and earn their own living like white men. They are made of flesh and blood like other men, and we do not believe in the theory that they cannot work, therefore the government must support them in idleness, whenever game becomes short or driven away by the advancing stride of civilization; put them in places where there is work to do, and then let them work or suffer; and if they get into our prisons, teach them some good trade that may be a benefit to them when they regain their liberty. General Pope's recommendation is to carry them to the rear, instead of to the front of advancing emigration; to march them toward, instead of from, the sources of cheap supplies; to place them in the vicinity of a society and institutions well organized and well administered, where there is a sound public sentiment, and where the laws are equally enforced against all defenders; where the Indian, secure under the protection of the law, and certain of punishment for any wrong doing of his own, neither depredates nor is depredated upon; where feelings of kindness and humanity toward the Indians are entertained, and not bitter and relentless hate; where the Indian can be subjected under the best conditions to all the influences of civilization and Christianity, and whence his return to his own country is ever hopeless, leaving free and open to the occupation of civilized man the great region which the Indian has thus vacated." In pursuance of this plan the refractory tribes in question, including the women and children, are now being gathered upon the Leavenworth Military Reservation, where the expenses of feeding them will be greatly reduced, the necessity for stationing troops at remote frontier forts measurably diminished, and the opportunities for speculation and corruption on the part of Indian agents largely checked. It looks like a sensible and practicable plan. Lincoln's well known story of "root hog or die" has a profound significance, in its relation to the tragedy of human labor, and the progress of the human race, than even he discerned in it.

—The houses in Washington are to be numbered.

DELUGE.

During the early part of last week a sudden thaw commenced on the northern border of our State, as well as on the southern border of the State of New York. The snow melted so rapidly that the water accumulated with unprecedented velocity, which caused the north branch of the Susquehanna and Delaware rivers to become swollen so fast, that the ice, two feet thick, gave way, forming gorges and glaziers of great magnitude. The first one of note was formed on the Delaware river, at Port Jarvis, which remained there for several days. Experiments of different kinds were tried to break this gorge, and blasting with nitro glycerine proved to be the most effective. When the water rose, a portion of the town was inundated for a time; but the damage was comparatively light to what was expected.

On the Susquehanna, the first damage of importance occurred at Pittston, in the heart of the Wyoming coal field, in this State. The first gorge formed above the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg railroad bridge, a structure that cost the company $120,000.-00. In ten minutes after the passenger train had passed this bridge, going north, laden with human freight, three spans of this bridge gave way and passed down the river. A short distance below, there were two other bridges, connecting Pittston with West Pittston, one an old structure, the other a new one, built last year at a cost of $60,000.00. Both gave way, and two men were carried down on the latter, but were rescued. For a time there was great consternation among the inhabitants, but no lives are reported lost. At Wilkesbarre the flats are so low and wide that little damage was done. The bridges stopped with the ice a few miles above this point, where they were burnt to save further destruction of property. We hear of no further important damages, till the flood reached Catawissa, fifty miles below Wilkesbarre. The bridge across the river at this point, about one thousand feet in length, was carried away on the afternoon of the 17th, which passed down, carrying away one span of the bridge at Danville the same day. This news spread with lightning rapidity, and the people of Northumberland and Sunbury hastened to prepare for the worst. The ice on the Sunbury dam broke up and passed over the breast, before the North Branch gorge reached that point. At Northumberland there are two bridges across the North Branch, one for public travel, and the other belonging to the Philadelphia and Erie railroad Co. The former was carried away, but the railroad officials placed all the loaded cars on the latter, that it would hold, which proved to be equal to the emergency, and forced the floating bridges and debris to pass under it, sustaining very little damage. At Marietta, Columbia and Port Deposit, the damage has been very serious. The ice has been forced into the streets of two of these towns, and piled up from twenty to thirty feet high. In the West Branch there are two gorges; one near North Point, the other between Watsontown and Milton.

The ice still remains on the Lock Haven dam, as well as in the Williamsport boom, notwithstanding the flood of last week, was too high for rafting, if the ice had gone out. Taking into consideration the immense amount of snow that is on the ground, and the close proximity to spring, a sudden thaw will not be unexpected, the result of which, cannot be anticipated, hence a preparation for the worst will not be premature.

—A small boy made his appearance upon the street the other morning with a lump upon his chin about the size of a cracker, and when asked by a schoo chum what was the matter of his chin, replied, "O, nothin' much; only father went to reach across the table this moring and knocked over the 'larsis pitcher, and the 'larsis rund all over the table cloth. Mother didn't like it very well, and slung the coffee-pot at him. The nozzle flew off and took me on the chin; that's all."

—Reading's indebtedness is about $1,200,000.

ANN ELIZA YOUNG.

Her Own Account of Her Affairs—The Newspapers Influenced by Mormon Gold.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Mrs. Ann Eliza Young, Brigham Young's nineteenth wife, is in New York. She defends herself against the attacks made upon her in many newspapers, which she says have misunderstood and misrepresented her and her story and motives. She says that she was brought up to think that a polygamous marriage was necessary to her salvation, and that still she was horrified when Brigham Young proposed to her. She was forced into the marriage by influences which are known to the public, and yet, with the knowledge of all these facts, she is called a vile woman, while nothing is said against John W. Young's last wife, who left her house and husband in Philadelphia, where she was reared and educated, to go to Utah and become the third and favorite wife of the Prophet's son. Mrs. Young says that there seems to be much misunderstanding on the part of the public relative to her legal affairs, and she thinks that some newspapers that misrepresent her are influenced by Mormon gold. She says that in the first suit, brought in 1873, Young entered a demurrer as to the jurisdiction of the court. Judge Emerson sustained the demurrer, and then she let the matter rest for a time. When the "Poland Law" was framed, giving the United States courts jurisdiction, she applied in October, 1874, for temporary alimony. The case was argued before Judge McKean, who gave judgment in her favor. She was to receive five hundred dollars a month pending the ligitation, which would amount to ninety-five hundred dollars from the time the suit was entered. The fact that Brigham had to pay three thousand dollars counsel fees, and that he was recently imprisoned one day for contempt of court, are familiar to the public. To-day Mrs. Young received the following dispatch from her father:

SALT LAKE CITY, March 20.—Five hundred dollars paid; other not paid; probably pay on Manday.

C. G. WEBB.

So Mrs Young expects soon to get the nine thousand dollars, and five hundred dollars a month as long as the litigation lasts. Regarding the printed statements that Judge McKean granted her a divorce, she says they are untrue. He said it must be proved whether she was the legal wife of Young before he could grant a divorce, and that will be the next question argued. Mrs. Young says Brigham claims to have only one legal wife, Mary Ann Angell, to whom he was married, in 1837, in Ohio. The other eighteen, he says, were married by religious ceremony only. If he proves this, then he proves that he is a felon, for according to law a polygamist is a felon. He will do this, says Mrs. Young, in order to save money, and he will hurry up the suit instead of delaying it, as he has been doing, for every month's delay will cost him $500 in temporary alimony. Mrs. Young says she has received many letters from Mormon women congratulating her on her course, and her great aim now is to put the facts so clearly before the people that they shall see the great evils of polygamy and demand adequate laws against Mormonism.

—A young lady who was married in Conemaugh borough last week, is one of three children born at one birth—two girls and a boy. The latter died when he was several years of age, and the sister is still living.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24, 1875.

THE CENTENNIAL. WOMAN'S WORK.

Mrs. Gillespie, President of the Women's branch of the Centennial, has just made public her report for the year 1874. Tea parties in Trenton, Bridgeton, Millville, Camden and Haddonfield, New Jersey, netted $7,242.-75. Nearly as much more was realized from the tea party in the Capitol Buildings, Washington, which will be expended in aiding women to prepare exhibits of art and industry, the labor of female hands.

During the year other parties took place, which netted for the Women's Committee for the same purpose as above, $7,945.11, after their having donated, as a "free gift to the Building Fund," an equal amount, $7,945.11. The ladies also sold $20,617 worth of Centennial Stock, thus realizing for the Centennial Commission, about $28,-590, and for the Women's Department of the Exhibition, about $15,000.

In concluding her address, Mrs. Gillespie says: "Let us devote our lives to restoring the purity and simplicity of 1776, and at the same time open the way for women to earn their bread by other ways than the needle."

Since his defeat for the Mayoralty of Philadelphia, a year ago, the ambition of Aleck McClure has been to edit a daily paper. His desire has been gratified and his salutatory is now a matter of record. If I may be permitted, for this occasion only, to coin a word, I would say that it is singularly "McClurish." In his inaugural, McClrre says, he "has no friends to reward, and no enemies to punish." The first half of that sentence is as true as the last half is false. Having provided while recently a senator, his son by adoption, with an office, the salary of which is $3,000 per annum, I think McClure told the truth when he recorded the fact that he had no friends to reward.

Perhaps it was an intuitive knowledge on the part of the electors of Philadelphia, of this peculiar trait in McClure's character that led them to give his opponent—Mr. Stockely—a majority of 12,000; for he does reward friends and punishes enemies. Since McClure's advent in Philadelphia there has been a dozen followers of his, who have stood faithfully by him; they have sacrificed personal friendships for him; have suffered political ostracism, and have become so poor in consequence that they are forced to wear old gums with holes in the heels; and it is not a good winter for such apparel, and if they had two cents to buy the initial number of his "Times," his words must have struck their sensibilities with more frigidity than the icy pavements greet their bare heels.

"And no enemies to punish." We read in Sacred History of a person named Ananias, a real estate agent, whose memory was remarkably defective. Coming from Ananias down, in inferential, instead of chronological order, I would say that Ananias begot Munchausen, he begot Tom Pepper, and he begot the editor who writes "I have no enemies to punish," and then in the same issue, labors must earnestly in two and a half columns of editorials, to punish the Pilgrims for their failure to return Aleck McClure to the Senate of Pennsylvania last fall.

A week ago Mr. John L. Hill was elected Commissioner of Streets, and the first number of McClure's paper "goes for him" in dead earnest, in two and a half columns of editorials. When McClure was coquetting for a Republican nomination for a return to the Senate last fall, it was this same John L. Hill who said, "I have no objection to McClure's being a Republican, but he must remain on probation a year or two before promotion from the ranks."

If anybody believes that McClure does not purpose punishing—so far as he can—this same John L. Hill, who kept "Aleck" out of the Legislature—and an U. S. Senator to be chosen during the session—I would like to gaze at the symplicity of the individual. This much is due to say of the Pilgrims: they don't scare worth a tin sixpence. In fact, one of them remarked to me: If it is worth our while, we could smooth down the wrinkled front of Junius Hercules by a feast of champagne; we could even win his respect by inviting him to a little game of his favorite 'set back' at our club rooms, if we deemed it worth so much trouble."

"No enemies to punish," and yet in the first issue of his paper he labors to throw ridicule upon Mayor Stockely for attempting to remove the ice gorge from the Schuylkill. McClure says in his preface, that his "Journal is to be truthful, dignified and courteous," but as these words were written in the morning truthfulness, decorum and dignity were all forgotten in the afternoon when he penned the half column of a wretchedly written attempt to ridicule the Mayor for his action in reference to the ice gorge.

Let no one be deceived by generalities, it is the aim of the "Times" to put Curtin in the next cabinet. If Blaine will take him, the "Times" will 'let up' on the Pilgrims, and to use McClure's own peculiarity of language in his first number, "the decks will be cleared for action" and "honors will be easy." If Blaine won't take Curtin into his cabinet—and he assuredly will not—then the "Times" will be red-hot for Tilden or any other Democrat, who will agree to make Curtin Secretary of the Interior.

At the stated meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of Trade of this City, Mr. John Price Wetherill, from Committee on Banking and Currency, presented a memorial, which has been sent to the Legislature, protesting against the passage of the law regulating the rate of interest. The memorial states that the value of money, like all other commodities, is regulated by the laws of supply and demand.

The Shamrock Circle, Emerald Guards, Hibernia Greens, Gallowglasses, and other orders of Irishmen, who won't believe that the frogs and snakes were cleaned out of Ireland by the famished people during the fearful famines which desolated the Emerald Isle, but who insist that St. Patrick, with a twist of his magic shillalah, did that little feat, had their usual 17th of March parade. They turned out in strong force, drank whiskey liberally, splashed through the muddy streets heroically, waved their green banners majestically, and disbanded late in the afternoon, a little unsteady about the legs, but firm in the patriotic determination that Saint Patrick is the boy for "we uns." The most strikingly noticeable feature about the parade, was the artistic manner in which the horses' tails were patriotically decorated with green ribbons. I doubt if I could pay a higher compliment to the paraders than to say that the map of Ireland was prominently and ineffaceably pictured upon almost every man's features. J. W. F.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Poetry.

A CURIOUS LITERARY PRODUCTION.

The following is one of the most remarkable compositions ever written. It evinces an ingenuity peculiarly its own. The initial letters spell "My Boast is in the Glorious Cross of Christ." The words in *italic*, when read on the left hand side from top to bottom, form the Lord's prayer complete:

Make known the gospel truths *our* Father King;
Yeild up thy grace, dear *Father*, from above;
Bless us with hearts *which* feelingly can sing,
"Our life thou *art* for *ever*, God of love."
Assuage our grief *in* love *for* Christ, we pray
Since the Prince of *Heaven* and *Glory* died,
Took all our sins, and *hallowed the* display.
Infinite *be*-ing, first man, *and* then was crucified,
Stupendous God! *thy* grace and *power* make known;
In Jesus' *name* let all *the* world rejoice,
Now labor in *thy* heavenly *kingdom* own—
That blessed *kingdom*, for thy saints *the* choice;
How vile to *come* to thee, *is* all our cry;
Enemies to *thy* self, and all that's *thine*,
Graceless our *will*, we live *for* vanity;
Loathing the very *be*-ing, *evil* in design—
O, God, thy will be *done from* earth to heaven;
Reclining *on* the gospel let *us* live,
In *earth*, from sin *deliver*-ed and forgiven,
Oh *as* thyself, *but* teach us to forgive;
Unless *its* power *temptation* doth destroy,
Sure *is* our fall *into* the depths of woe,
Carnal *in* mind, we have *not* a glimpse of joy
Raised against *Heaven*; in *us* no hope we know.
O, *give* us grace, and *lead* us on the way;
Shine on *us* with thy love, and give *us* peace.
Self, and *this* sin that rise *against* us, slay.
Oh, grant each *day* our *trespass*-es may cease;
Forgive *our* evil deeds, *that* oft we do.
Convince us *daily* of *them* to our shame;
Help us with heavenly *bread*, *forgive* us, too,
Recurrent lust; *and we'll* adorn thy name.
In thy *forgive*-ness we *as* saints can die,
Since for *us* and our *trespasses* so high
Thy Son, *our* Saviour, died on Calvary.

AT THE GATE.

When the waning red of the sunset
Has faded out of the day,
And the stars are lighting their tapers
Among the shadows gray,

I wait and watch and listen
Leaning upon the gate,
And I turn away with a weaay heart,
For oh! my lover is late.

There are steps that hasten homeward
Adown the echoing street,
But I cannot hear among them
The sound of my darling's feet.

There are voices cheerily ringing
In tones of manly pride,
But I will wait in vain for the music
Of his greeting at my side!

Ah me! if I have not patience
With an hour's brief delay,
How could I live in the darkness
That wraps some souls alway!

If I had not one to watch for
As I linger at the gate,
To pay with a kiss my chiding
As I murmur, "Love, so late!"

How then would the light have faded,
And my starless life grown dim!
There is something pleasant after all
In watching here for him.

THE BEST COSMETICS.

HORACE SMITH.

Ye who would save your features florid,
Lithe limbs, bright eyes, unwrinkled forehead,
From Age's devastation horrid,
Adopt this plan
'Twill make, in climate cold or torrid
A hale old man:

Avoid, in youth, luxurious diet;
Restrain the passions' lawless riot;
Devoted to domestic quiet,
Be wisely gay;
So shall ye, spite of Age's fiat,
Resist decay.

Seek not, in Mammon's worship, pleasure;
But find your richest, dearest treasure,
In books, friends, music, polished treasure;
The mind, not sense,
Made the sole scale by which to measure
Your opulence.

This is your solace, this your science,
Life's purest, sweetest, best appliance,
That disappoints not man's alliance,
What e'er his state;
But challenges, with calm defiance,
Time, fortune, fate.

A WOMAN'S VIEW OF IT.

LECTURE BY MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON.

Social Evil Discussed—Necessity of Plain Speaking on the Subject—The Wrong in the Teachings of Society and the Training of the Young—Abounding Injustice to Woman and Womanhood—The World's Treatment of the Fallen—The True Meaning of Manhood.

The Social Evil was the subject of a vigorous lecture by Miss Anna E. Dickinson in Steinway Hall, Friday evening, March 5th. The announcement of an address by a lady so eminent in the lecture field was sufficient to bring a crowd through the thickly-falling snow flakes, and over the wet and slippery pavements. The lecture in itself was delivered in Miss Dickinson's well-known forcible and eloquent manner, and lost none of its significance by its references to the celebrated Brooklyn scandal, and by the fact that one of the principals in the scandal—Theodora Tilton—and his counsel, Gen. Roger A. Pryor and ex-Judge Samuel D. Morris, were deeply interested listeners to the emphatic utterances of the lecturer.

THE LECTURE.

The Winter is very like unto other Winters that have come and gone in the discussion of questions that seem to those who discuss them all-important matters—the third term, the Louisiana difficulty, the Arkansas trouble, the financial difficulties of the nation. Well, unquestionably these are important questions, needing discussion, and sadly needing settlement; and yet, as I look about me in the world, it seems very plain that there are other questions not at all discussed of infinitely greater importance—questions that were before and will be after these; questions that affect not a section merely, not a nation merely, not an age merely; questions that are as old as sorrow, suffering, and sin; as wide spread as humanity, and like to be as old as time itself, and yet questions that are by common consent ignored, or if some one does summon them out of the depths wherein they abide, and so summoning them points finger, speaks word, demanding the attention of people about them, they are speedily silenced, and the question itself is left in the dark from which it has issued. People say: "Yes, perhaps this does need discussion." "Important?" "Well, no doubt; all the same, we of the present are not strong enough to grapple with it. Perhaps some future will be stronger, braver, honester. To that stronger and braver future we pass on these matters, and will trust to have some right solution in the millenium!" Preeminently, if it is woman who summons these specters from the dark, people say of her, "What an unsexed creature?" "Oh, shockingly unwomanly proceeding!" "Why, that woman must have lost all effeminacy and delicacy before she could drag out such a horrible matter as this for the inspection and discussion of the world." Or others say, "Very bad taste, shockingly bad form."

It is a thing ladies and gentlemen do not wish to touch. Well, certainly, it is in very bad form to discuss—we will say malfeasance in high places, or discuss wrong and iniquity in office, or vice, crime, and drunkenness in the sewers of society. All the same, upon such discussion and solution depend advancement of society and of the race. If that be so, how much more necessary than the discussion of a matter as widespread and deep-reaching and as universal as this. Cowardice is not universally mistaken for delicacy, selfishness for refinement of feeling. People's ears are very often the nicest part of them. To many people acts of vice and deeds of infamy are infinitely less to be condemned than the plain words of truth that would bring such acts and deeds to the dread bar of truth and condemnation. And yet while people say it is in bad form to discuss such matters, or they are to be forgotten, people are to go on living and breathing as they have gone on. In spite of that they are known and talked about. One can take up the daily paper—the paper that is read not by the select few of the generation, but that goes into everybody's house, that is read by young and old, rich and poor, cultured and ignorant alike—and find the record of rapes, seductions, adultery, stories, set forth not for the benefit of humanity or advancement of the entire race, but as the caterer would put a dainty dish before a savored appetite to tempt it. Items of news of the day! These things are known, for turning over news column to editorial column we find comment upon these same stories—comment not for the help of those who need it, or through them to help others, not to point out a moral, but written simply to adorn a tale, to entail in some fine writing the same sentiment. These things are known, for turning from news or editorial column to advertisement column we find such facts of this vice of degradation, of deeds of vulgar men and women, as make one shrink from human nature, from the vice revealed of human nature. These acts are known. Whoso come into the theater to see the play of the day, the mirror which holds itself up to reveal the passing nature of man, they come to look in; whoso can come to see the play of the day, the play of society, has such fact revealed. The novels of the day, now and then the sermons of the day, one and all tell the story, but fail to tell the truth that underlies it—fail to strike at the root of the disease that everyone knows is overgrowing and overspreading society.

These things are known, for wheresoever men and women gather themselves together one hears it said of some young fellow, "Oh, yes, he is sowing his wild oats. A little too gay, but, then, he will mend of that in time—somewhat overfond of the ladies—learn wisdom in time—necessary for a young man to sow his wild oats, that he may ripen and reap better harvests in time to come. Every one knows perfectly well that one says it as though they were talking of the pastime of an idle hour; knows that it may be the pastime of an idle hour; but every one knows that the same wild oats are sown on ground to the destruction of any harvest therein—ground that was meant to provide the growth of a noble womanhood—that the wild oats so sown crush out any healthy life of a woman's body and mind, and unless God were more merciful, her soul in eternity. And yet, when one dares to speak the truth people run with hasty feet to put stifling hands on the mouth that would utter it. The truth is to be ignored or the truth is to be silenced. Preeminently, I think, is that marked this Winter, when—growing out of a case of domestic calamity, by reason of the prominence of the principals engaged in it, which, by reason of this, has become a National calamity—one hears on all sides and one sees in all of the papers discussions of the spirit that underlies this case and all kindred cases; and one hears set forth, not in any more marked manner, but only in very much wider degree, the sentiment that finds expression everywhere in civilized communities that would be well summed up in the statement that society holds a man's mortal crime to be a venial fault, and woman's venial fault to be a mortal crime; that one finds everywhere the idea set forth that for a woman even to stumble is a fall past hope of rising again; that a man may stumble and fall to the end of his days, and yet is to be accounted in no wise unworthy the acceptance of society. People say in defense or argumentation, when you ask the reason for such condemnation on the one side, and such easy judgment on the other, "A woman is to be so judged and punished, since she stands as the key-stone of the arch of home, and if she falls out of it she not alone falls, but she drags in ruins about her husband, children, home. Whereas, if a man so comes down, neither wife nor child is touched—home remains intact." The man, says Society, is not to be judged as the woman, because his act has touched no one but himself, and himself, after all, but slightly. And, because the universality of this talk is spreading disease, miasma, moral death among the boys preeminently who are growing up for the next generation, since the men who know the truth will not tell it, and women who hear falsehoods have not the courage to deny them. I, one woman at least, stand here, as I mean to stand elsewhere, to assert in the face of this savage civilization and infidel christianity of the nineteenth century, that eight-tenths of all of the sorrow, misery, suffering, sin, shame in communities comes from the establishment on the part of man and the acceptance on the part of women of two moral codes—a moral code at the bar of which a man is to be tried and acquitted and woman is to be tried and condemned [applause], which is the direct outgrowth of a demand on the part of men for a liberty that shall be boundless as license itself. A man is not to be judged and condemned as a woman because his act does but concern himself alone, and himself but slightly. Is it true? Let us see.

EFFECTS OF DIFFERENT CODES FOR THE SEXES.

It is conceded that no man steps off of the smooth, fair pathway of virtue, of respectability, to go aside into by-paths unless he goes with some companion and his companion a woman. It is not true, then, that a man's act, or such walk we will say, touches himself alone. He takes some woman with him, and her fate must be bound up more or less in his deed. Conceded, then, that this woman's fate is bound up in his action, what of it? A young man taught that it is but a trivial matter for him to go astray, taught that he can seek his pleasure and find his happiness wheresoever he will in the world, what is to hinder him from mounting steed at door to go his way gaily through all the world, and find his pleasure grounds where he may discover them? He rides along the highway; he looks out on the one hand and sees his neighbor's carefully tended garden, or his friend's pleasure grounds walled and hedged about, and he sees that it is doubly carefully tended or guarded and walled about with added security; because there grows within the one or the other a flower, sweet, fair and stately—beautiful, its very weakness and its very sweetness giving it over to the eye of the spoiler. The young man has been taught that he can find his pleasure wheresoever he will in the world; it is, after all, but wasting a little time of the morning of youth, and then there is all noon, and afternoon and evening in which to do the work of a man. What is to hinder him from striking spur in steed, and leaping the garden wall, smelling the flower, breathing in the incense of the flower, and by and by plucking it to wear at his buttonhole? No great harm done here? To be sure the young man had better have been engaged in the serious and earnest work of life; but, after all, no great harm could accrue from his dallying away a few hours of morning sunshine in the pleasant garden. No great harm has been done save to smell a flower, pluck a flower, leap again the garden wall and go back again to the highway among the travel of men! And who is to blame him for it? And so looking down he sees this lily festering a smell far worse than weeds. He sees that this flower, plucked from its stalk, is wilting, withering, no longer a sweet and beautiful thing. Who is to blame the young man for plucking it out and dropping it as he rides on? No great harm has befallen the young man's life; he has plucked his flower, it has faded, and he has dropped it on the highway. He is not to be condemned, since his act is to be condemned so slightly, touching himself, and himself alone, in such an insignificant manner. He rides his way through the world.

As for the flower lying on the highway, nobody takes the trouble to go and watch it; there it lies, to see how it has died there, and not as a flower dies, in an hour, but is dying through torture and agony extending through days and weeks and months and years of time. Nobody need stop to consider that the flower perishing through this lifetime of agony exhales at least not the least perfume of the flower, but an immortal soul. Oh, as for him, his act has touched no one but himself, and himself but slightly. He shall be free to ride through the world where he will as he chooses, the husband of a good wife, the father of children, an honored citizen, a respected member of the community, a pillar in the Church of God. A man's act touches no one but himself, and himself but slightly. Which of us, I wonder, has read the story that has struck in its telling the eleventh hour over in our sister city of Boston. But for its closing and finishing, it has been paralleled in hundreds of thousands of cases in this land, is being paralleled by tens of thousands at the present time. A young girl, fair, ignorant, innocent, loving, and as she believed beloved! Was this girl to fear the man who came with the ostensible gift of his heart in his hand to her? Was she to fear this man? Was she to protect herself against him? Why, all her life had taught her that that man was to be her protector. Was she to arm herself when she came near to him, put barrier and wall between them? Why, sentiment and reason, poetry and religion, experience and anticipation, had all gathered together to teach this girl, subtly and imperceptibly, that the man whom she loved and who professed to love love her shall be a barrier between her and all of the dangers in the world. It is because she loved him absolutely she had faith in him absolutely.

Then this young man, taught as young men are taught, that if they betrayed the trust of a friend or stranger who was a man, if they refused to stretch a helping hand to a brother perishing in need if they shall break faith, break honor, break truth as man with man, they shall be pointed out, shall be thrust out from society of men and their fellows who are honorable men—but this one supreme infamy of winning faith only to betray it, or guarding trust only to fling it out and trample it under foot, when faith and trust was the outgrowth of a woman's heart, a confidence of a woman's soul—that to do this is manly sport. This young man so taught and trained, simply as multitudes of others do, lived at his lesson; he has wasted a little time of life; better had been down to his counting-room, had better be reading his law books or studying his theological book, or working in a surgeon's room. Of course he had better have been doing this, but after all he had done no great harm, wasted a little time, a little manhood, and then, bethinking him, went on his way. No great harm done! In the mean time, what had the girl he had left behind him, living the life that multitudes of other girls are living now—this very hour even while you listen and I speak—a life of unending misery, a life without one turn, day after day and week after week, one week only rivaling the other in its anguish; shrinking from the eye of her father, cowering away from the glance of her mother, trembling and turning on herself if her brother's eye did but rest upon her for a passing moment; she tried when she went abroad in the street to crowd her secret into her own bosom and conceal it there. She lives through such days of agony as would seem to a man an eternity, days through which she prayed for the night to come to conceal her shame and give her a little rest, night through which she prayed for the day to come, even though it revealed her shame, thereby one more day might be counted off in the dreadful tally—meditating death, meditating suicide, meditating murder, the destruction of life that had not begun yet. By and by her little one in her arms, under her father's and mother's eye, father and mother doing what all civilized and Christian folks in this day teach, putting a premium upon murder, say to her, as society says to her, "Get rid of the child, put it out of sight. If you stand quite alone, and go some place where you are not known, you may have a fresh chance perhaps in the the world, but that child will hopelessly bring you to infamy; it is the scarlet letter known to all the world; get rid of it." So father and mother said to her: "If you take the child away, if you put it in some foundling asylum, some home for destitute children, if you get it out of the house get it out of sight, get it away from the neighbors, you may stay where you are, not otherwise." Father and mother can shelter you, provided you, the daughter, get rid of your child. So she took her child and went into the city to look about her. In all the great city, there was no place for such a fatherless, nameless, homeless child. Somebody told her there was such a place in a neighboring town to which she went. At its door she knocked—ah, too many such mothers, with such fatherless and nameless children had been before her. The place was full. Back she turned, crossing Charleston bridge. Suddenly a thought struck her, "I am going home, oh, but they told me there was no home for me, unless I get rid of my child." "Somewhere they said, anywhere, but where, where?" And so thinking, she looked down into the dark, cold water flowing under her somewhere. Oh, she thought, would this place, even if I took my child there, be any less miserable to her than the still water! These foundling asylums, would they put any more tender arms about my child than the river will lap around her? And to what life can she grow up without name, without father, without home, without place in the world—she with the curse of womanhood on her? She will carry her mother's shame until she loses it in her own. By and by she may come to just such an hour and just such a time as this. Ah, it cannot be wrong, it cannot be wrong, it seems to the poor distraught brain, to send this child of mine to the bosom of a Father more merciful than any mother's heart could be! And with the thought, the distraught brain gives way, the miserable hands unloose, the baby slips away into the river beneath. She has got rid of her child, somewhere! Half crazed, she finds her way back to her home. A man whose acts concern no one but himself, had done so much for her!

The men come and drag the river's bed, and pick up the little cold, dead body. Men sat in coroner's inquest on it; men find a true bill; men go and drag her out of her home; a man locks her in prison cell; men bring her into the court-room; a man sits in the judge's seat; twelve men sit in the jury-box to consider the laws made for the protection of such as she; men consider, men decide, men condemn; a man passes sentence, and now nothing remains that a man can do for this girl, who, while having lived through eternity of agony has not yet numbered seventeen years of time. Nothing more remains for man to do in her behalf but presently for a man to miserably adjust the hangman's knot, and let the gallows trap drop under her.

An ordinary, vulgar, commonplace murderer frequently without family, home, or refuge, is prescribed by all the laws, punished by the laws of all the world. But this man, this assassin, this man, who has crucified love, who is in very deed the murderer of the woman who has loved and trusted him and of the child of his own loins—the man goes alone not merely unpunished, but unquestioned though the world, since his deed has concerned himself alone and himself so slightly! (Applause.) That girl's case is paralleled by ten thousand of others at this very hour. And what think you of the teacher of this girl? Go to him. What think you of such a teacher? What shame, remorse, and trial! What think you when such teaching and influence is transmitted to children, who are to live and grow in the world, making of those children sinners, liars, scoundrels, theives, murderers, by this woman's soul. How do such children grow up? How do they live? How can such a mother give her children a good and honorable manhood? A woman who goes into the race with men, competing with men is sufficiently weighted without this. How can she run? The children are not hanging about her neck, but are like chains about her feet. What can such a mother give good to such a child, and how do such children grow, creating houses of refuge, creating reform schools, creating houses for juvenile delinquents, creating almshouses, packed in prison-pens, and at last dangling from that horror of civilization, the gallows! Praying upon society, the refuse of society, the murderers of society, cursing society with all the ruin and injury that they work when they are out of prison, wreaking society with its millions upon millions of debt to keep therein vicious idleness to which the laws place them at last. And yet in the face all struggling society, load it down, people dare to look into the face of a man and say that a man is held to no such accountability as woman because his act concerns himself alone and himself so slightly!

FALSE TEACHINGS OF SOCIETY AND OF SENTIMENT.

But more. Says sentiment, a woman is condemned so much more terribly because she drags down our men as well as ourselves. No such charge can be brought against the man. It is considered that women began her life as a little girl she was to have the free heritage of the girl, of a lover, and wife, and with the walls of a home built about her. It seem to me that it is a worse thing to prevent construction than to destroy after the structure is complete. The man has deprived this woman of any portion of her fair inheritance, and has destroyed her girlhood her womanhood and even the hope of a home. More than that, society says—carrying out this same teaching—that a man cannot be expected to control himself, to constrain himself, as life demands of the man, for his nature is different. Society says since this man will not control himself, with the brain, with the heart, with the soul, society says this man is at liberty to range as a wild beast through the world. Society must be protected, not by teaching him to control himself, not by governing him. Since society must be protected, since homes are to be preserved, since our wives and daughters are to be preserved, it is absolutely necessary that a class of women shall exist in the world, that they shall be placed at the mercy of man, outcast from the world, and forbidden to hope for mercy, even from the Almerciful Himself. Society teaches that through its pulpits, through its laws, through men and women, through people coarse and people refined, through all classes and grades of thought and feeling, that it is absolutely necessary for the preservation of society not to teach man to be men instead of beasts, but that a class of women shall be given over to absolute destruction. Necessary! I wonder if such people realize that when they so assert that they are speaking against common-sense and decency; that they are blaspheming against God. They are saying that a God so all-wise, all-loving, has created woman with a brain to think, a heart to feel, a body to suffer, a soul to live through time and eternity—has created such a being as this for the sole purpose of being given over to the absolute destruction of man; that by her absolute destruction other women may be saved from being trailed and soiled.

It is this idea, I think, that lies under the action that society takes toward the woman when she has made one step over the strict line of virtue. The woman has made only one step; in many and many a case how short that step has been. The woman has stepped aside in many a case, want driving her, poverty urging her on, and in many and many a case, with love powerful, with unselfishness absolute. I venture to say, knowing what I say from many a sad and long look at the revelations of what I have seen, that in all unselfishness. A woman is never half so near to heaven as in the hour the world calls her frail. For then it is literally from heaven to earth, from earth to hell. Society says of this woman, "She has taken this one step; drive her down. Since it is necessary for some such class to be in the world, and this woman has taken one step, drive her down eternally." She comes into the pale of society, she goes to the door of some workshop saying, "Let me work; let me earn an honest living." She goes to the door of home, and says, "Let me come in. I can harm no one, I am only anxious to gather to myself quiet. They only turn her away. She goes into highways and byways among the outcasts of the earth, but they all turn her away. She comes into the respectable church and sits down in a respectable pew, listens to a respectable pastor, and is shown to the door by the respectable sexton. One and all, men and women there together, turn her away from the house that has been built to the worship of Him, who said to the sister of such a one, "Neither do I condemn thee." It is necessary, says society, for such classes of woman to be, therefore, storm the woman down who has made but one false step. She is clinging on the brink of an abyss. She is looking up with eyes full of entreaty and anguish, and she is crying with a voice that has come from the depths of her soul for help. Society says: "Tear away the fingers; there is no room in here; let her go into the abyss; it is necessary for such women to live down there for the protection of our wives and daughters."

And men say out of this same false teaching. "Well certainly you cannot mean to condemn men. You certainly cannot mean to hold men to any strict line of rectitude in that? The woman is already scorned, already tainted. You certainly don't mean to assert that the man now does any great harm to himself or any one else by going across that darkened and stained threshold?"

I mean to say that, so far as absolute rectitude and virtue are concerned, the man who goes across the broken threshold does a fouler deed than one who crosses a threshold already untouched. "The man is to be held to no accountability for hurting this woman already mortally hurt," in substance says society; but ah! this woman at first only went a little way and had such a little path to retrace, and how many are they who by such processes of reasoning have been away into a desert space, where, living with no woman about her, with only men passing by her, the man is not to be accused of any serious wrong if he treats her as he finds her. It is like unto a woman lying out on desert sands perishing, with an army marching through to get to some better country; and as the first man reaches her, she, looking up from her place, stretches out hands and lips and voice to beg for a cup of water and a bit of coarse bread to save her from destruction; and the first man of the advance line, with a light laugh, with an oath perchance, stoops, gathers up a handful of sand, and flings it upon her as he goes by, and the next man, seeing the deed of his comrade, repeats it; and the army marches on. The pile of sand grows and grows. The woman's prayer has resolved itself into silence. On the army marches, and one soldier and another and another gathers up the sand and flings it on the increasing pile as he goes by. The woman's silence is turned to oaths and blasphemy in her tortured suffering, and "Ah!" they cry, "what language for a woman! What a creature! What a vile wretch! She cumbers the earth; let us cover her over," and more and more and more the sand falls down, until by and by the last man passes, the last handful falls. Monument and grave are built together over this woman. When the great Inquisitor comes to make search for the great slain, which of these men, think you, will stand condemned—this woman's murderer—the first man who, in answer to her prayer and cry for help, flung the first handful of sand, one of the men passing by, or the last man who dropped the last handful, through which her inspired soul was breathed out to bear its testimony at the bar of God? Let no man lay the flattering unction to his soul that his act is a light and insignificant one, not to be accounted because it is a collective one. As I said a moment ago, the act seems to me, touching the essence of absolute rectitude, manliness, virtue, an even more hideous thing than the other, since

a man might be swept away by a whirlwind, might be carried away by strong tides out to sea, but a man who crosses such a threshold does it because he deliberately and with quiet brain and cold blood elects to make worse than a brute of himself, and to drag miserable women to one lower step of infamy and degradation. All of this harm, all of this misery, all of these weights heaped upon woman, heaped upon children, upon society; and yet no truth to be taught to men because their acts do but concern themselves alone and themselves so slightly. Ah, but the sword is two-edged, it cuts the holder when it cuts the victim.

MAN'S WELL-BEING DEEPLY AFFECTED.

Since men do what they do in this matter concerning women and children and society, what do they do to themselves? What effect has all this upon man's own well-being, mental, moral, physical? I wonder why fathers who have learned out of the bitter school of experience, why older brothers who know the truth in many and many a case in sorrow, why these never tell the truth to the boys, to their sons and any other brothers who are growing up about him. I wonder why mothers, who protect their boys against every slightest harm other than this, never speak a word to save them! Why do fathers and mothers, why do those who through experience or observation know the truth, fail to tell these young men that this act, that concerns but himself and himself so slightly, works such results as it does? And the young man coming down, will say, into such a city as this, crowded with people, swarming with life—he comes poor perhaps, but full of hope and courage, ambition, studying trade, studying profession, going into the factory or workshop or store, or counting-house, determined to build for himself fair and strong a mansion to shield him—a statue of life, he comes down this pathway that society tells him is a little pastime, and will do him no harm, nothing that amounts to much matter—and so going, what befalls? Why do those who know fail to tell him that he wastes all the precious things in life. He wastes his money. He has saved a little here and there. He has just so many years in which to lay, strong and sure, the foundations of the life that is to come. He has just so many years, few and brief, in which to gather together the substratum of his man's life, and instead of putting this money away in sure foundations he wastes it. Going his way into such places, eating of such forbidden fruit, dallying away such hours of idleness, he wastes time that might be given to thought, to study, to healthful companionship. He gathers habits of idleness and indolence, he loses habits of self-control and self-master-hood in all forms of being.

And he wastes of the very vital essence of life itself—the one power that moves the world, the something that paints pictures, that carves statues, that preaches sermons, that argues at the bar, that steadies the surgeon's knife, that clears the eye of the discoverer, and intensifies the brain of the inventor, that manages, that conforms that fashions, that triumphs in the world. All this soul of life, this vital spark of existence he wastes as though he were flinging out a cup of water that could be filled at the nearest wayside inn, or a match out of a box that should be endless. The waste of that he can find no more, though he can seek it in all time to come diligently and with tears. He lays up for himself stores of hideous memories. If indeed there is something sweet and pure and wholesome in a boy's life, it is still that he loves his mother. He has gathered such memories as make him when he goes in to his mother's presence and looks into his mother's eye, shudder away from the glance when recollecting that she, his mother, is a woman he has so dishonered all of womanhood. He may think by and by that he is tired of staying in this stagnant harbor by these rotten planks, and will sail away into some clean and clear water. He may think that he will, aye, he may long to. Never can he do it. Having eaten the poisoned fruit, and drained the fiery draught—fruit of nature and cup of Spring are, after all, tasteless and insipid sooner or later. He would fain go back again to draught that which produces deeper thirst as he drinks. He thinks he can forget the scenes of youth, and so believing, he has gone his way five, ten, fifteen, twenty years. But behind him then, all these days and years, stride after stride marches Time, the avenger.

THE TRUE TRIUMPH OF MANHOOD.

Do I stand here to accuse and condemn? I, aye, it is the facts that accuse. It is the truth that condemns. Do I stand here to speak harsh words? No. Since fathers will not speak in behalf of their sons, I, my father's daughter, stand to speak some word in behalf of the sons of fathers, who are my brothers. [Applause.] It is to condemn no sins. Looking about me over this battle of life I see how hard it is to fight, how easy to fall; preeminently if the young warrior has been despoiled of all weapons with which to fight the enemies of his soul ere he goes into the conflict. I see fathers and mothers say of their daughters, "She has such slight temptation in nature; she has no thought within." And yet they hedge and guard her and strengthen her by the promise of all the rewards of virtue and the threatenings of all the punishments of vice. I hear father and mother and society say of the boy, of the young man, "O, he is not to be judged as his sister, since he has such temptations and foes within, since his nature for evil is so much stronger than hers!" Granted. In just such measure as the man is stronger in the temptations within, then, since God is just, he is given stronger power, if the man will but use it to control himself, and to save himself and to save the woman by whom he asserts he is meant to stand as protector. And yet, society and fathers and mothers asserting that the boy's danger lies within him allow him to go his way unwarned, unarmed. Aye, they even see him put out to sea with the rock dead ahead, on which they know his bark of young manhood will strike and go down, and never lift finger, or call, or word of warning. Society goes on to say with this young warrior that to go down in such a conflict is manly. To triumph in such battle is to emasculate himself, to make himself effeminate, feeling that neither man or woman shall be called upon to speak of him as a good, strong creation in the world.

Ah, what I stand here to say, then, is not to condemn the rights of these boys, but to ask something for them; so say since public opinions, since customs stand instead, with multitudes of human beings of reason and conscience, that public opinion, habit, and custom shall tend to build up the manly part of a man in these young men, rather than the brute and fiend. I ask that this be taught that so far from conquering is such conflict making him emasculated, weakened, that this conflict is like all other conflicts, and that the soldier who is found in the hands of the enemy with unworn garments and unbattered weapons, ought to be branded as a sneak and a coward. That in this conflict, as in all other conflicts it is that it shall be to him that overcometh there shall be honor, distinction. To him that overcometh there is reserved a crown of life. Tell this boy that in putting under his feet the perishing attributes of time, the wild beasts of the passions, there grows within him the life immortal, a life that has the deepening of thought, the enriching of character. The exaltation of the soul became what indeed it was meant to be when its Maker sent it into the world, a likeness, an image of Himself, to carry through time as through eternity, the constant scene of the triumph of the immortal. (Applause.)

For the Republican.

A VOICE FROM BELOW.

BY HUMANITY.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of Penna. at Harrisburg assembled, to those of the "House who have voted for the repeal of the "Local Option Law," and to those of the "Senate" who contemplate doing so, are these lines of "condemnation" dedicated. The cry of a soul in its curse upon your act and fleed from the "black regions of despair," who thought licensed whiskey is doomed forever in the flames of an eternal hell. Thus comes up the voice of one out from among that of millions upon millions in the doomed "abode of misery."

From these black regions, these infernal plains,
Where God's just wrath in dreadful triumph reigns,
To you accursed, these sickening lines I write,
A lost soul, and plunged in endless night.
When will you weep, when will you repent?
When it is forever too late, and your souls are here sent?
Then will I vent my unrelenting rage.
And pour out my curses on your blackened page,
And while my wretched agonies in hell do roll,
Give a full scope to all my fiend-like soul,
Think not, "Senators and Representatives" of this our State,
Detested wretches, in God's sight, to escape thy doom
Hell moves to meet you, hell thy destined home.
Still to imbitter all the woes I feel.
And aggravate the cruel pains of hell,
Far from my gloomy cavern I behold,
Heaven's glorious beauties, brightly shining,
Where God, in grandeur, all his power displays,
And high-born seraphs swell the song of praise
I too, with them, had trod yon beautiful plain,
Where endless joy, and peace celestial reign,
Had not my youth, by thy accursed licensed whiskey led,
Pursued thy steps—Perdition on thy head.
When will the hour arise, to waft you o'er,
And give your spirits to this doleful shore?
May thronging "demons" round thy beds appear,
And breath their curses in your tingling ears,
Whisper the horrid secrets of thy doom
Then furious drag you one and all to your loathsome home,
And when arrived on this lava field of death,
Thou hear'st me clash my chains of anguish.
Before my ghost your miserable souls shall flee—
And find no vengeance half so keen as mine—
My spectre swift as the lightening dart,
Will pursue you to your accursed abode,
And pour my keen reproaches on your heads,
Blast thy sick sight, sting you with fiercest

[redacted]

and him crucified? What has become of the temperance cause in "Old Union," the banner township? Where is Mr. Inward now, who undertook to trample Reformation out of sight? I mean he who wrote for the cause of temperance under the caption of 'Reformation,' who Mr. Inward saw proper to criticise? Does the present signs of the times indicate an "onward" move in the cause of temperance? Who will answer these questions from a Bible stand point?

For Sale at this Office.

BLANK
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
BETWEEN SCHOOL BOARD & TEACHER
constantly on hand at this office and for sale at
5 cts apiece, or 50 cts per dozen.

WE KEEP ON HAND
all kinds of
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
which we sell in any quantity desired. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.
A GOOD SECOND HAND
FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINE,
VERY CHEAP.
Enquire at this office.

COLLECTOR'S SALE
BLANKS.
75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.
Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

LOOK! LOOK!
We have a limited stock of
BILL HEADS
which we will print and sell for
$3 PER THOUSAND,
$2 PER FIVE HUNDRED.
Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.
REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.
Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.,
James C. Williams,
(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)
DEALERS IN
PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.
PURE WINE AND LIQUORS
for medicinal purposes
SHOULDER BRACES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.
Also, Choice
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
JAMES C. WILLIAMS.

TEAS! TEAS!
ESTABLISHED 1840.
The old established and responsible house of the undersigned, offer in opposition to the humbug of "Tea Companies" and distributors of "chromos," a large and attractive assortment of Choice Teas, at a small advance above cost of importation, warranting their goods to give satisfaction.
PRICE LIST.
Oolong, Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents - per pound.
Mixed, Green & Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents per pound.
Japan, Uncolored—60, 70, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
Imperial, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, $1.00, best $1.10 per pound.
Young Hyson, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, 90, $1.00, best $1.05 per pound.
Gunpowder, Green—70, 80, 90 $1.00,, $1.10, choicest $1.15 per pound.
English Breakfast, Black—40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
N. B.—We have the celebrated "King Chop," Young Hyson and Imperial Green at $1.20 per pound. Also the "Tong-Lee" Chop, the choicest Oolong Tea imported, at $1.00 per pound.
If one of our Agents should not call upon you, send for a pound sample of any kind you require. Enclose the money, and we will forward it to you, per return mail, without any extra charge.
JOSEPH STINER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN TEAS,
178 & 180 Chambers Street, and 285 Washington Street. P. O. Box 4237. NEW YORK.
v7n1-4m.

CLOTHING & DRY GOODS.

Mammoth Clothing Store!
CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING
ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,
Having in addition to his extensive Dry Goods Store, taken the room formerly occupied by Abram Sussman, fitted it up and filled it completely with THE LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING ever opened in Bellefonte, is now prepared to accommodate everybody, and to
Guarantee Bargains,
in the line of clothing — such as have never been offered in this section of the State. He has now in his store,
MEN'S SUITS—varying in price from ..... $6 to $40 00
BOY'S SUITS " " " ..... $4 to $18 00
OVER COATS—every grade ..... At cost
DRESS COATS—varying in price from ..... $6 to $15 00
PANTS " " " ..... $1 50 to $8 00
VESTS " " " ..... 50 cts to $6 00
and every description of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
TWO ROOMS FULL OF GOODS.
Connected with his clothing store in the adjoining room he will continue the
Dress Goods Department,
in which every conceivable description of Dress and Dry Goods, from the
FINEST SILKS TO THE CHEAPEST CALICOS,
as well as
NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.
to-gether with a
FULL LINE OF CARPETS
of any grade, will be kept constantly on hand. His prices will be made to suit
THE TIMES
and he will guarantee the fullest satisfaction to every customer.
Polite and accommodating clerks will take pleasure in showing you the goods.
vol7no7-1y Nos. 1 & 2, BUSH'S ARCADE

S. A. BREW & SON, GROCERIES, &c.

S. A. BREW & SON,
SUCCESSOR TO FRYBERGER & MORAN,
GROCERS,
Next Door to the Post Office,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
WE will take all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE in exchange for goods in our line.
WE have a nice lot of ELEGANT LAKE HERRING,—will sell them at cost to close out.
WE are making a specialty of the following goods from now, Sept. 1st, to Dec. 1st, 1874.
Breakfast Bacon,
Plain Meats,
Sugar Cured Shoulders,
Sugar Cured Ham,
Salt in Sacks and Barrels,
Floor Oil Cloth,
And Crockery Ware.
COME AND SEE OUR STORE.
4-tf S. A. BREW & SON.

Medical.

CALDWELL'S
WINE AND IRON BITTERS
These celebrated Bitters are pure, safe and reliable; composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs with Citrate of Iron and pure native wine, made from the native grapes of California, the ingredients are choice, strengthening, purifying and life-giving medicinal agents, forming the most pleasant and healthy stimulating tonic and strengthening Bitters for improving the appetite giving tone and vital energy to the blood and system. For medicinal purposes, for family use, travelers, voyagers, etc., they cannot be surpassed.
These bitters are in an eminent degree strengthening, purifying, diuretic stimulating and nourishing to the whole system, giving new life and activity to every organ and part alike, without that ever recurring reaction that follows the use of most all other tonics and stimulants in the market. For
DYSPEPSIA,
AND ALL FORMS OF
INDICESTION,
Sour Stomach,
RHEUMATISM,
SCROFULA,
AND ALL
Impurities of the Blood,
DROPSY,
NERVOUS AFFECTIONS,
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
GENERAL PROSTRATION,
AND NERVOUS HEADACHE
THEY HAVE NO RIVAL
AS A MORNING APPETIZER
No other Bitters in the universe can equal them. I lack space for detailing the availability of these Bitters, but will briefly state its general effects upon the human system, as follows:
It absolutely Purifies the Blood. It speedily corrects all morbid changes in the Blood. It equalizes the circulation of the Blood. It regulates the supply and quality of the blood. It prepares the Blood to furnish a proper support to all the vital properties. It enriches the constituents of the Blood upon which the vital energy of the system is dependent. It infuses the proper degree of animal heat in the system. It purges from the system the morbid humors which retard its natural functions. It imparts vitality and elasticity to every organ of the body. It corrects all derangements, however trivial, which are the first origin of Disease. It promotes the operation of the digestive organs. It improves the appetite and removes all disagreeable feeling after eating. It perfects digestion, rendering it natural and easy. It acts as a mild and efficacious stomachic. It elevates the standard of all the vital forces. It strengthens the nervous fibres and diffuses a calm throughout the nervous system. It destroys all morbid conditions of the mind. It disperses dullness and languor. It banishes those clogs upon pleasure which produce gloom. It drives away those distressing symptoms which rob us of happiness. It revives the physical energies by infusing new life and power into the system. It fortifies the system against the dangers of malaria, fluctuations of the temperature changes in the climate, &c. In short, it prepares the system for the radical change to be wrought in its condition, and restores it to perfect health and natural vigor.

Caldwell's Cough Cure
FOR THE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS,
CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH,
CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS,
DIPTHERIA, ASTHMA, and
THROAT & LUNG DISEASES GENERALLY
If you purchase a bottle of your druggist *use it all*, and if you make up your mind that you have not received a benefit corresponding with the price paid, return the empty bottle and he will pay you back your money and charge it to me on his books. Thus neither he or yourself will lose in the operation, and I assure you that it contains nothing that can be injurious in any case.
You are not purchasing it of me, a stranger, but of your druggist—a gentleman whom you know and can trust. He will furnish you the medicine on the terms I have mentioned; an absolute guarantee—not that I will cure in every case, but that you will be satisfied in the use of the remedy.

CALDWELL'S
MAGNETIC CHLOROLOID
FOR
MAN AND BEAST.
For Internal and External use, the Magnetic Chloroloid is the most wonderful medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of
HEADACHE,
Rheumatism, Cholic, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Cramps, Griping, Sprains, Bruises, Scalds, Sores, Concussion, Burns
Cholera Morbus,
Asiatic Cholera, Diarrhœa, Frosted Limbs, Dysentery, Eipthería, Sore Throat,
SUNSTROKE,
CHILBLAINS, CORNS,
And Pains of all Kinds!
FULL DIRECTIONS ON THE LABEL EACH BOTTLE.
W. C. CALDWELL,
Proprietor and Manufacturer,
6-30-1 MEDINA, N. Y.

Dauchy & Co.,

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY CALIFORNIA
DRAWERS EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS
Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked. "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.
The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.
Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.
No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.
Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.
Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.
Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.
Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.
Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.
For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.
Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.
For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
7-1-3m-6v

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

at the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, nless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, notexceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
1 inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte, Pa

READ! READ!! READ!!!

We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
MONTHLY.		
Harper's Magazine,	$4.00	$5.25
Scribner's Monthly,	4.00	5.25
St. Nicholas,	3.00	4.50
Peter's Musical Monthly,	3.00	4.00
La Creme de la Creme,	4.00	5.00
Locke's National Monthly	1.00	2.50
American Farm Journal	1.00	2.60
Peterson's Journal	3.00	4.50
The Republic	2.00	3.60
Penn Monthly	3.00	3.75
Woods' Household Magazine	1.00	2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly	4.00	5.25
Harper's Bazar,	4.00	5.25
Forney's Press,	2.00	3.60
Toledo Weekly Blade,	2.00	3.50
Scientific American	3.20	4.75
American Agriculturist	1.60	3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times	2.00	3.65.

☞ We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

During the second week of the special term, his Honor, Judge Mayer, presided.

On Monday, the 15th inst, the Court convened, and after some unimportant business, took up the case of Meslame Reese vs. Jno. White and M. J. Maice. This was on action of replevin for some hay and straw. The plff. was owner of a farm which he transferred to an assignee for the benefit of creditors; the assignee, Mr. Jno. Rishel, sold the farm, and it was at length bought by the deft. Jno. White. Plff. claimed that he left over three tons of hay, and a quantity of straw in the barn, which Mr. White told him he could have, at any time, but when he went for it, White and Maice, who were in possession, refused to let him take it. Mr. Rishel testified that he left the hay to be fed to the stock until the day of sale, presuming there would not be more than enough for the purpose. Verdict for deft. by direction of the court. Hoy for plff. Alexander & Bower for defts.

John White and wife vs. Jacob McCool, appeal from J. P. This suit was brought to recover a balance of interest on a promissory note. The note, it was alleged by the plff., was dated one year in advance, 1869, when the money was lent in 1868, and hence there was one year's interest still due.

On Tuesday, the 16th, the jury in the above cause rendered a verdict for the deft. Alexander & Bower for plff. Beaver for deft. David Harter vs. Mary B. J. Valentine, widow and administratrix. Ejectment. The plff. had bought the land in dispute—some timber land—had paid a part of the purchase money and gone into possession, but was evicted by Reuben Valentine, one of the vendors. This suit was brought to recover possession from the widow and administratrix of Reuben Valentine.

By direction of the court a verdict was rendered which seemed to satisfy the parties, and to be a fair settlement of the dispute. It was in favor of the plaintiff for the land described in the writ, to be released upon payment of the balance of the purchase money. Blair, Alexander, & Bower for plff. Hoy and Wilson for deft.

Cline Quiggley vs. Geo. Furst. Trespass, under the act of Assembly, for treble damages for cutting timber trees. This was a knotty case, in which two Clinton county parties were the litigants, the title and the land on which the timber was cut being the main point at issue. Messrs. Furst and Quiggley were owners of two adjourning tracts of timber land, the boundary line between them never having been established by authority. There was a deficiency of land for the two tracts, and it was a question which of the two should bear the loss, or whether it should be divided between them. Judge Mayer gave the equitable, and no doubt correct decision, that as there were no controling and certain monuments on the ground, the deficiency should be shared between the two tracts, each taking an equal portion of land. Some years ago, however, Judge Quay had run a line for Mr. Quiggley, which the latter had accepted as the correct boundary, and had so informed Mr. Furst. Acting, as he claims, upon this representation, and the supposition that the matter was definitely settled, Mr. Furst had gone on and taken the timber off his tract. Later, a corner previously unknown, of an adjoining survey had been discovered, and it was believed that Mr. Quiggley could hold considerably more land than was set off to him by the line Judge Quay established, and also treble damages from Mr. Furst for the timber cut on the portion before considered as belonging to the latter.

Judge Mayer's ruling left it a conceded fact that Mr. Furst had cut some timber on land belonging to Mr. Quiggley, but not so much as the plaintiff originally claimed. The remaining question was, whether the defendant was liable on this form of action, and to pay treble damages. Had not Mr. Quiggley consented to his taking the timber, by establishing the Quay line, and pointing it out to Mr. Furst? On the other hand, it was shown that while the defendant was still cutting, the plaintiff had warned him that he had found a corner which would probably cause a change in the location of their division line.

This case consumed the remaining time of the Court, until the afternoon of Thursday. It was ably tried and argued by the counsel engaged in it. The charge of Judge Mayer was clear, consice, and, we believe, universally satisfactory. The jury rendered a verdict for the plff. for $1855, which was probably a fair compensation for the timber taken, though not treble damages. There was a question as to whether the jury intended to give treble damages, but the plff. consented to consider the amount of the verdict as satisfaction. It was certainly not a case of wilful trespass, such as the law evidently intended to provide for. Blair, Peale, Alexander and Bower for plff., Furst and Beaver for deft.

A jury was impaneled in the case of Norwood Coal and Lumber Co. vs. John Elliott & Co., on action of ejectmen and an adjourned term, of one week, to commence on Monday, April 5, being fixed for the trial of this cause, the Court adjourned for the term on Thursday afternoon.

VARIETY.

BY E. LINDLEY GRAY.

Hang up the skates, put away the sled,
Take up the hoop and marbles instead:
April's sunny days will soon be here—
The hoop and marble season draws near.

—Out West, when a man refuses to bring up a hod of coal for his wife, she lays him low with a fifteen pound ham. After that he is as submissive as a three days old kitten.

—The names of some of the Maine lakes are using up the Ohio spellers. Lake "Moosetockmaguntic" laid thirteen of them on the shelf, the other day.

—Laughter, it is said, makes one healthy. If this is so, then Bellefonte has a large number of people enjoying remarkably good health. Especially some young ladies.

—A New Brunswick man was examining a watch the other day, and while holding the lever between his teeth, it accidently slipped down his throat, and he has been prying into everybody's business ever since.

—We would say, for the benefit of the ladies, that the coming spring bonnet will be very much after the style of a gentleman's plug hat with the rim turned down, and is about as nobby a get up as we have seen for some time.

—At a restaurant in Fulton, Ill., as an egg was broken, the other day, another perfectly shaped egg was found inside the yolk, about the size of a walnut. It was covered with an outer shell, on breaking which, a third egg was found inside the yolk of the second.—*Ex.*

This eggsasperating eggsaggeration is certainly eggstraordinary.

—A Spring street woman was trying to brush some cob webs down from the ceiling the other day, when her husband came in.

"Now Matilda," said he, "you know you can't brush them cob webs down as well as I can. You should call me when you wish anything of that sort done. Give me the broom now, and I will give you a lesson on cob web sweeping." So saying, he seized the broom, mounted a chair and went for the cob webs. But it all ended in three broken panes of glass, a fall over the wood box and a sprained back.

—When a woman can get up in the morning at four o'clock, build the fires and get breakfast, go out to the barn and milk thirteen cows and rub down the old nag, then come into the house again, seize the fire-shovel, march up stairs and drag the man of the house out of bed by the hair of the head, and threaten him with the shovel if he isn't down stairs inside of eight seconds, then, we say, let her vote.

—Just think of it: While we are traveling around here with blue noses and frozen feet, the southern people of Savannah are gorging themselves upon green peas and strawberries. "O, that we had the wings of a dove!"

—When we hear the twitter of the little birds, and watch the flight of the wild water fowls towards the boreal regions, and see the setting sun sink behind the distant hills, shedding soft, mellow beams of crimson splendor over God's great universe, we can't help but exclaim:

O, beautiful Spring! thou'lt soon be here,
The balmiest season of all the year;
With thy buds and blossoms, and green clad hills,
And little, sparkling, rippling rills.

STATE ITEMS.

—There are 260 miles of street railways in Pennsylvania.

—Alderman Beitler, a well known Philadelphia official, is dead.

—Linesville, Crawford county, is to have a weekly paper—the *Leader*.

—Philadelphia medical colleges turned out 405 new doctors last week.

—Forty thousand houses in Philadelphia are owned by their occupants.

—The bonded debt of the city of Erie is only $1,182,600. The floating debt is $168,000.

—William Boyer, of Amity township, Berks county, stepped on a piece of floating ice, and slid into eternity.

—A party by the name of Smith has no less than fifty-three suits to defend at the March term of court in Franklin.

—Geo. T. Ophinger, of Slatington, Pa., is the owner of an orange tree at present having on it 167 oranges in different stages of growth.

—Lydia B. Scott, of Embreeville, Chester Co., died the on 6th inst., aged 94 years. Two brothers and one sister survive the deceased, aged respectfully 88, 80 and 84 years.

—Zeke Carey, a Jamestown pilgrim, who has gone up and down the earth, a widower, for two long weeks, last week consoled his aching heart by taking another wife.

—The champion checker-players of Iowa and Pennsylvania are engaged in a contest by mail. They are so much engaged in it that, though sitting still, they are always on the "move."

—A half-witted girl was enticed by three negroes to an out-of-the-way place in Franklin, a few nights ago, where they grossly outraged her person. The scoundrels were arrested.

STATE SENATE.

Having no "sound Democratic" paper in our county town, and preferring a "sound Republican" paper to the "Modoc sheet" published there, we hope that you will allow us space for a short article.

Our people have become disgusted with the cry of "Republican trick" whenever the Democracy of the county ask or desire to choose their own Representative, unless indeed that choice should fall on P. G. Meek or one of his satelites.

Adam Hoy has dared to ask the Democrats of this county to recommend him as their choice for the State Senate and every Democrat from our side of the mountain that Meek can button hole is told that it is all a Republican trick to disorganize the Democratic party. Whether the trick be Hoy's or Meek's we are heartily tired of it, and propose to drop them both, and give our support to our old friend J. P. Gephart in preference to either, and we will be much disappointed if our Democratic friends on your side of the mountain do not heartily endorse our candidate.

That he will be the choice of this county there is not a doubt and that the candidate will be taken from this county there is as little doubt. You may set it down that J. P. Gephart will be the next senator from this district.

MORE ANON.

Millheim, March 16, 1875.

Pimples, Eruptions, Rough Skin.

The system being put under the influence of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for a few weeks, the skin becomes smooth, clear, soft, and velvety, and being illuminated with the glow of perfect health from within, true beauty stands forth in all its glory. The effects of all medicines which operate upon the system through the medium of the blood are necessarily somewhat slow, no matter how good the remedy employed. While one to three bottles clear the skin of pimples, blotches, eruptions, yellow spots, comedones, or "grubs," a dozen may possibly be required to cure some cases where the system is rotten with scrofulous or virulent blood poison. The cure of all these diseases, however, from the common pimple to the worst scrofula is, with the use of this most potent agent, only a matter of time. Sold by dealers in medicines.

COVERED WITH ERUPTIONS. CURED.

CLAVERACK, Columbia Co., N. Y.
Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I am sixty years of age, and have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in the worst form for a great many years, until, accidently, I saw one of your books, which described my case exactly. I bought your Golden Medical Discovery and took two bottles and a half, and was entirely cured. From my shoulders to my hands I was entirely covered with eruptions, also on face and body. I was likewise afflicted with Rheumatism, so that I walked with great difficulty, and that is entirely cured. May God spare you a long life to remain a blessing to mankind. With untold gratitude.

MRS. A. W. WILLIAMS.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

—ST. NICHOLAS for April has for one of its principal features an article by Mr. Joel Stacy, entitled "John Spooner's Great Human Menagerie." The manger of this wonderful show—with a generosity unusual among men of his profession—lets us at once into the secrets of the exhibition, and describes each animal so minutely that any half-dozen boys with enough ingenuity and pasteboard can easily form a similar collection for themselves. No detail of construction is omitted, and pictures of almost all the marvels, with explanatory diagrams, are before us. We are even furnished with a specimen hand-bill, and are supplied with information so full and clear that, unless the 'show-fever" be contagious among boys and girls, we may expect many a village where St. Nicholas goes, to have, before long, its rival companies with flaming posters and curiosities outdoing those of master Spooner himself. We are furnishing this excellent magazine for boys and girls, with the REPUBLICAN at rates advertised in another column. Those not desiring to send through us can send direct to Scribner & Co., 743 & 745 Broadway, New York.

"PETERSON'S JOURNAL OF POPULAR LITERATURE."—This new monthly seems to be growing very rapidly in popular favor, as we observe that some of our contemporaries already call it "*the best of Magazines.*" The April number is a mine of gold and brilliant thing. Among the stories we may note the following:—"The Price of Her Folly," illustrating the mischief which comes from the flirting married ladies; "Lady Romaine's Dame de Compagnie;" "What was Her Fate?" showing the result of female wilfulness; "Madge's Sacrifice," a very pretty story of girlish generosity; "A Terrible Wedding-Trip," "An Old Sea Story," "Her Letter," a well-told story in verse; "Monsieur S'Amuse," a touching little love-story, etc.

Among the more solid matter we may specify "England's Folly—America's Warning," in which John Smith gives the sad history of the English Resumption of Specia payments in 1823, which all the advocates of speedy Resumption would do well to read; "Is Prayer of Any Use?" in which this important question is considered by Henry Peterson, in opposition to the views of certain leading editors and Professor Tyndall; an interesting account of Socrates; "Superstitions About Sneezing," etc.

Terms: $3.00 a Year in Advance. Two copies $5,00. Postage Prepaid. Specimen copies 25 cents. Address H. PETERSON & Co., 920 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

—PETERS' PARLOR MUSIC, a collection of easy and moderately difficult piano music, containing six pieces of fine music by the best authors. —Price $4.00 per year, 50 cents [singly. J. L. Peters, publisher, 599 Broadway, New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

GOLD 1.16⅛

Since the adjournment of Congress, the Wall Street Gold Clique have spared no efforts, by which they have been enable to bull the market, and gold has been advanced from 1.12 to 1.16⅛, which is quite a little tariff to importers, with prospective incidental protection to home manufacturers. In the stock market there is considerable doing. Western Union Telegraph is moving upward and onward, owing to the fact, that our fellow townsman, James Milliken, Esq., has recently been elected one of the directors of that great corporation. Since the recent floods some of the Railroad stocks are quite weak, but Reading is firm at 57⅛ and Pennsylvania 55½. The commercial papers of the Eastern cities speak hopefully for the coming Spring trade; but the great iron and lumber interests, where the bulk of the laboring classes find employment, do not present the flattering prospects, that earnest workingmen desire.

The mining operations in the Anthracite Coal regions are in as unsatisfactory state as they can possibly get. There a few collieries in operation; but the great corporations refuse to accede to the demands of the miners, hence the dead lock. The *Miners' Journal* in speaking of the difficulties says:

The trade will no doubt be ready to move some time in April, and we are also assured that in many sections at least three-fourths of the men would go to work if they were permitted, and President Walsh finds it necessary to visit many points and address the men to persuade hem that it is better to be idle and leave their families suffer for the necessaries of life, in order that Mr. Walch and C. Ben Johnston, who is his co-worker, and does the writing, may gratify their desires to rule the miners and live comfortable off of the men, whom they are really oppressing more than all the employers combined, including the Reading Coal and Iron Company also.

If a vote could be taken in the Divisions by ballot, without any intimidation, we believe the result would prove that nearly, if not quite, three-fourths of the men would vote to accept the situation at present, and bide their time in procuring advanced wages. The leaders dare not put it to the test.

Now they vote by dividing, and in every District Lodge, there are a number of young men, between the ages of 18 and 21, of a rowdy disposition, and they work with the leaders, intimidating the men from doing what they honestly would do under different circumstances.

We have always advocated co-operative organization to aid their interests, and we do so still; but these organizations must be based on principles of justice to all parties, and they would be with men at their head who are intelligent, who have some knowledge of business, and are willing to respect the rights of others and then they become beneficial. But when they are controlled by men, however much they may have the gift of gab, who use them for selfish or tyrannical purposes, and use such organizations for mercenary purposes, pay no respect to the rights of others, they are a curse, and the aiders and abettors not only become the enemies of those they control, but the enemies of God and of humanity. The Almighty teaches freedom of action only trammeled by the laws that exist, to every one of his creatures, and those who would reduce others to poverty and starvation to accomplish their behests, regardless of sympathy, good judgment and common sense, are enemies to humanity.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, March 24, 1875.

As the first of April approaches, every thing appears to move more sluggishly, that being general pay-day and the beginning of a new year with many farmers as well as business houses. After that time shall have passed, we hope for a better local business.

WHEAT—Wheat remains in excess of the demand, and so long as the railroad war continues, there will be no hope for an outlet at present prices, unless freights shall be made as low as *through* rates.

RYE.—In Rye there is nothing doing.

CORN.—Corn comes forward slowly, but is taken as fast as offered at our quotations. The dealers have to depend entirely upon local buyers to make sales.

HAY.—The cruch farmers in the vicinity of our town, hold out for the top prices; but those who are not so handy and being anxious to work off their surplus, before the Spring opens, are disposed to "cut prices" when they can't make sales in any other way.

STRAW.—Straw is in demand for stable use, but seller and buyer make their own bargains each party doing the best he can.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, ears	60
Corn, shelled	65
Oats	55
Clover seed, choice	5.75
Flour, retail per barrel	6.00
Flour, wholesale	5.50
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$25 00
Hay Mixed per ton	20 00
STRAW FOR GLASS WORKS.	
Oat straw for packing per ton	10 00
Wheat straw, short per ton	8 00
STRAW AT PAPER MILLS.	
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	11 00
Short straw per ton	8 00

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT—At home, Male, or Female, $30 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Address with 6 cent return stamp, C. ROSS, Williamsburg, N. Y. 50-4w

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per lb	8
Apples per bus	—
Peaches, dried, per lb	15
Cherries, dried, per lb	8
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	30
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	22
Hams per lb	18
Bacon	12 & 14
Sides	—
Lard per lb	15
Eggs per doz	25
Tallow, per pound	7
Rags	—
Potatoes per bushel	65
Dried Beef	25
Beef by the side	6c
Pork by the hog	8c
Cod Fish per lb., Boneless	12½c
Cod Fish, whole	8c
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20c
Oranges per doz	50c
Grapes, per lb	40c

——Quotations of WHITE, POWELL & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.
PHILADELPHIA, March 22, 1875

	BID.	ASKED
U. S. 1881, c	20¾	21
" 5-20s, c. '62, M. and N	17¾	17¾
" " " '64, " "	18	18⅛
" " " '65, " "	19¾	20¼
" " " '65, J. and J	19¾	19¾
" " " '67, " "	19¾	20
" " " '68, " "	19¾	20
" 10-40, coupon	14¾	14¾
" Pacific 6's cy	19	19¾
New 5's, Reg. 1881	15¼	15¾
" " c. 1881	15⅜	15⅝
Gold	16⅛	16¼
Silver	107	109
Pennsylvania	55¾	55¼
Reading	57⅜	57⅝
Philadelphia & Erie	20¼	20¾
Lehigh Navigation	50½	50¾
" Valley	63⅝	64
United R. R. of N. J	131	131½
Oil Creek	11½	11⅝
Northern Central	33	33¾
Central Transportation	44¾	45
Nesquehoning	54½	54¾
C. & A. Mortgage 6's, '89	102	102½

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Charles Lamb, Essayist, denounces all spirituous liquors as "Wet Damnation." Poor fellow; he knows whereof he spake, by sad experience, and if living, would apply the same to Alocholic Excitants, advertised as Cureals. But there is one Tonic and Alterative in existance—the best the world has ever known—which contains no alcohol. It is DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. 8-4w

It is now generally admitted by honest physicians, that when once the consumption is fairly fastened upon the lungs, no human power can save the patient from death. They also say that about fifty per cent, of those who die from this disease can trace the cause to a neglected cough or cold, which might have been cured by a small bottle of Liquid Opodeldoc, or what is the same thing, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

Cut this out and bring it with you. We are authorized to refund the cash to any person or persons who shall buy and use Parsons' Purgative Pills and fail of relief and satisfaction.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
50 6m 42 Cedar St., New York.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it.

For the cure of Weak Stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do try KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

I only ask a trial of this valuable tonic!

Beware of counterfeits, as Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of Dyspepsia and Dibility, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public I would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by E. F. Kunkle, and having his stamp on the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are trying to imitate this valuable remedy, proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor. Get the genuine.

Sold only in $1 bottles. Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

259 TAPE WORM REMOVED ALIVE 259
Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. E. F. Kunkle, 259 North Ninth St. Send for circular, or ask your druggist for a bottle of KUNKLE'S WORM SYRUP. It never fails. Price $1. 10-4t

DR. SCHENCK'S STANDARD REMEDIES.

The standard remedies for all disease of the lungs are SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, and SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, and, if taken before the lungs are destroyed, a speedy cure is effected.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philapelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary diseases.

The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs; nature throws it off by an easy expectoration: for when the phlegm or matter is ripen a slight cold will throw it off, the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To enable the Pulmonic Syrup to do this, Schenck's Mandrake Pills and Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver. Schenck's Mandrake Pills act on the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is a gentle stimulent and alterative; the alkali of which it is composed, mixes with the food and prevents souring. It assists the digestion by toning up the stomach to a healthy condition, so that the food and the Pulmonic Syrup will make good blood; then the lungs heal, and the patient will surely get well if care is taken to prevent fresh cold.

All who wish to consult Dr. Schenck, either personally or by letter, can do so at his principal office, corner of SIXTH and ARCH STS., Philadelphia, every Monday.

Schenck's medicines are sold by all druggests throughout the country. 10-8i

[redacted]

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that Martin L. Leitzell of Potter township, has filed his application for a license to keep an Inn or Tavern at Potter's Mills. A. WILLIAMS,
Prothonotary.

PETITIONS FOR LICENSE

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE
SPECIAL TAXES,
May 1, 1875, to April 30, 1876.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 5239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, TO PRODUCE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS a Stamp denoting the payment of said Special Tax for the Special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1875, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1875.

The Taxes Embraced Within the Provisions of the Law Above Quoted are the Following, viz:

Rectifiers	$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in access of $1,000	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of still	50 00
And for each still manufactured	20 00
And for each worm manufactured	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals)	50 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyence)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to John H. Burrows, Collector of Internal Revenue at Williamsport, Pa. and pay for and procure the Special Tax Stamp or stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1875, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE. J. W. DOUGLASS,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Office of Internal Revenue,
Washington, D. C., February 1, 1875.

The Collector or his Deputy will be at the Bush House in Bellefonte, April 29th, for the purpose of receiving taxes. 12-5t

REYNOLD'S HALL,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

BLIND TOM CONCERT.

The celebrated Negro Boy Pianist and Vocalist

BLIND TOM.
ONE NIGHT ONLY
Wednesday, March 24, 1875.

Admittance	50 cents
Reserved Seats	75 cents
Children	25 cents

Tickets for sale at Frank P. Blair's Jewelry store on Allegheny Street.

Doors open at 7. Commence at 8.

The grand Piano used at this concert is from the celebrated manufactory of Steinway & Son, New York.

THE TIMES.

A First-Class Newspaper.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Independent in Everything!

Neutral in Nothing!

OPPOSED TO ALL CORRUPT RINGS IN MUNICIPAL, STATE AND NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

THE DAILY TIMES will be issued on Saturday the 13th of March next, and every morning thereafter, Sundays excepted, under the editorial direction of A. K. McCLURE, printed compactly from clear, new type, on a large folio sheet, containing all the news of the day, including the ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS, Special Telegrams and Correspondence from all points of interest, and fearless editorial discussions of all current topics. Price, TWO CENTS.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Will be issued on Saturday, March 20th and weekly thereafter, containing all important news of the week, and complete Market and Financial Reports.

Mailed, for one year, postage free, at the following rates:

One Copy	$1.60
Ten Copies	9.50
Twenty Copies	16.00

ADVERTISEMENTS twenty-five cents per line.

Remittances should be made by Drafts or Post Office Orders. Address

THE TIMES,
11-6t No. 14 South Seventh St., Phila.

READ EVERY WORD.

TO MAKE ENOUGH MONEY

in the next three months to keep you a year, any unemployed person between the ages of 16 and 60 should take an agency for THE ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY, a large, sparkling, literary and family paper, ($2.50 a year) pure, instructive, and amusing; half of its pages full of beautiful pictures, the other half containing the choicest reading matter. JAMES PARTON contributing editor. Like that great English paper, the *The London News*, it is highly moral, but entirely uncertain and non-political. During a year it furnishes over 1,100 pictures, and the equal of 9 large octavo volumes reading matter. IT GIVES AWAY, extra each week, a large engraving, (52 in a year), size, 17x24 inches. These are exquisite facsimiles of the finest steel engravings, on heavy tinted paper, with margins suitable for framing, and are truly a fine art galary every year. Besides, each subscriber is presented with the chromo "Gold Fish, Fruit and Flowers," size 2x2⅔ feet, in 27 oil colors, painted by Ramsey. Not only the largest and finest premium ever given, but the most wonderfully beautiful chromo ever produced. It is just the paper for which everybody has been waiting—larger and finer than any other, at half the usual cost. Its success (nearly 1000 subscribers a day being received) proves this. So complete, so progressive, so full of useful as well as entertaining matter is this paper, that we venture to assert that to every thinking, observant American, a years' subscription (costs $2.50) is, in actual, useful value, worth fifty dollars. AGENTS.—This combination is unequalled. It is instantaneous and pronounced success. Every good American takes at least one paper, of course. He takes this paper (1) it is the nicest, newest and best; (2) it is the cheapest—giving a great bargain—and thus suits the hard times. It sells itself. Be quick, if you want an agency. This time of the year any agent can make from $10 to $20 per day. Send three stamps for specimens, and liberal terms, with reports from agents, subscribers, and press notices; or, better yet, to save time, send $2,50 for a complete outfit, and make $100 while you would otherwise be waiting. You are sure to take hold anyhow. Money refunded if not perfectly satisfied, or if the territory you want is already occupied. Address all orders for specimens, subscriptions, or outfits to T. E. MOORE, Publisher "The Illustrated Weekly," P. O. Box 5450, No. 11 Dey Street, New York. 11-4w

FASHIONS! Smith's Illustrated Pattern Bazaar

The only Magazine that IMPORTS STYLES and SELLS Patterns of them. Only $1.10 a year, with Premium. See Below!!

(Overskirt.)

3114. Polonaise—Very stylish in the new goods. Pattern with *Cloth Model*, 50 cents.

3205. Ladys' Cont—Very neat in Baise, Linen or Camel's-hair. Pattern with *Cloth Model*, 25 cents.

3123. Ladies' Waist—Long front—very stylish for street suits.—Pattern with *Cloth Model*, 25 cents.

3201. Ladies' Waist—Something entirely new—Very desirable.—Pattern with *Cloth Model*, 25 cts.

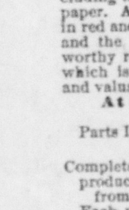
3210. Miss's Waist—Becoming to any figure.In any goods. Pattern with *Cloth Model*, 25 cts.

3504. For spring and summer goods—shirtstrings undo for laundring. Pattern with *Cloth Model*, 50 cents.

We give a perfect CLOTH MODEL with every pattern, which shows just how to put the garment together, after being cut by the pattern. They are PERFECT GUIDES.

Any Pattern on this page mailed on receipt of marked price.

Smith's "Instant Dress' Elevator."



This CUT shows the Upper Part of the Skirt (wrong side out), with the "Elevator" fixed in. You can raise your skirt while passing a muddy place, and then let it fall, or you can keep it raised. It keeps the skirt from the Filth. It Loops the skirt in a Tasteful and Fashionable Manner. It draws all the fullness to the back, making the "straight front." It Saves more than Ten Times its Cost. It can be changed from One Dress to another. Price, 45 cents each.

GREAT OFFER! Those who send to A. Burdette Smith One Year's Subscription ($1.10) for his 'BAZAAR' THIS MONTH, will get Their Choice of TWO of the above Patterns, and "Smith's Instant Dress Elevator," mailed to them FREE as THEIR PREMIUM! OR he will send you a certificate which will entitle you to select your premium at any time.

GET UP A CLUB!

GOLD COIN! We shall give away $2,135.00 in GOLD COIN to 102 Persons who get up the largest Clubs for the 'BAZAAR' between NOW and First of AUGUST. The person who gets up the LARGEST CLUB will get $250.00. Next largest, $200.00. Next largest, $150.00. Next, $100.00, etc. We gave $1,350.00 in Gold on last BAZAAR to 50 persons, whose names and addresses will be found in this BAZAAR, with the number that each one sent. Get a copy. Sample copy mailed for 25 cents. "SMITH'S INSTRUCTION BOOK, or, Secrets of Dress-making," 10 cents a year. Catalogue mailed for one stamp.

Address, very plain,

A. BURDETTE SMITH,

P. O. Box 5055. 914 Broadway, New York City.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ALDINE COMPANY'S

NEW PUBLICATIONS

SOLD ONLY BY SUBSCRIPTION.

THE ALDINE: THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

This splendid enterprise is not only well sustained in every feature, but is being constantly developed and improved. It to-day stands without a rival in the whole world of periodical literature. The beautiful dog-portrait, "Man's Unselfish Friend," a chromo presented to every subscriber, is a decided hit, and will, if possible, add to the popularity which this work has gained. The Art Union feature also promises great and beneficent results, in arousing public interest in the fine arts. Circulars and full information on application.

Parts I, II, III and IV are now ready.

SUTTON'S

Leisure-Hour Miscellany.

To be completed in 40 parts issued fortnightly.

Each part will contain an elegant frontispiece, originally engraved on steel for the London Art Journal.

REPRODUCING

at a price within the popular reach, engravings never before offered at less than five times the amount.

These plates have been the attraction of the

LONDON ART JOURNAL.

Each part will contain 26 quarto pages, including the elegant frontispiece, on heavy plate paper. A superb title page, richly illuminated in red and gold, will be given with the first part, and the printing of the entire work will be a worthy representation of "The Aldine Press," which is a guarantee of something beautiful and valuable.

At a Cost of 25 cents a Part.

Parts I, II and III are just published.

THE ART JOURNAL.

Complete in 12 monthly parts, at $1 each. Reproducing the best full-page illustrations from the earlier volumes of The Aldine.

Each monthly part will contain six superb plates with accompanying descriptive matter, and whether for binding or framing, will be entirely beyond competition in price or artistic character. Every impression will be most carefully taken on the finest high-toned paper, and no pains will be spared to make this the richest production of a press which has won, in a marvelously short time, a world-wide reputation.

GEMS FROM THE ALDINE,

Especially assorted for Scrap Book Illustrations & Drawing Class Copies.

A large collection of pictures of different sizes and on almost every conceivable subject have been put up in an attractive envelope, and are now offered at a price intended to make them popular in every sense.

Envelope No. 1, containing 50 beautiful engravings, is now ready, and will be sent, postage paid, to any address for ONE DOLLAR. A liberal discount to agents and teachers.

SCRAP BOOKS.

A splendid assortment of SCRAP BOOKS have been expressly prepared for the holiday season, and no present of more permanent interest can be selected for gentleman or lady, old or young.

No. 1. Half bound, cloth sides, gilt back, 250 pp. 12x16 inches.....$5 00
No. 2. Half bound, cloth sides, gilt back 500 pp. 12x16 inches..... 7 00
No. 3. Full morocco, beveled boards, gilt and antique, very rich, 500 pp.....12 00

Lettered to order in gold at 25 cents each line. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price.

THE ALDINE PASSE-PARTOUTS.

In compliance with repeated requests, the publishers of The Aldine have prepared impressions of many of their most beautiful plates for passe-partout framing.

The cuts are mounted on a beautifully tinted azure mat, with a handsome red border line.

To attach the glass it is only left for the customer to paste and fold over an already attached border, and this may be done by a child.

27 subjects, 12x15 in., 25c.; with glass, 50c.
Six of this size for $1.00, when selection is left to publishers.
6 subjects, 10½x12½ in., 20c.; with glass, 45c.
7 subjects, 6½x8½ in., 15c.; with glass, 40c.
12 subjects, 14x19 in., 50c.; with glass, $1 00

Sent by mail, without glass, post-paid, for price.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

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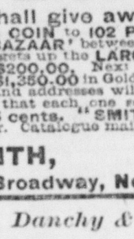

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Vol. 7 No. 9-9m.

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This gifted author having free access to the personal writings of Livingstone, unfolds clearly the grandeur of his character, magnitude of his life-work, the giant-like perils and thrilling adventures he met, the grand achievements he won, as also the curiosities, the wonders and wealth of that marvelous country, its vegetation, minerals, reptiles, beasts, savages, etc. WIDE AWAKE AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE AT ONCE for the only cheap complete work. Over 800 pages, 100 splendid illustrations, a superb map, (includes his "Last Journals.") Price only $3,50. Will sell immensely. Millions want it. For particulars address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom Street, Phila. 11-4w.

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FREE SAMPLE to Agents. LADIES' COMBINATION NEEDLE-BOOK, with Chromos. Send stamp. F. P. Gluck, New Bedford, Mass. 3-4t

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LOTTERY

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Tickets $1 Each. Six for $5. 1 Chance in 9.
Draws every 30 Days.

Fifth Extraordinary Drawing.

51,015 Cash Prizes, $350.00
Capital Prize, $1000.00

Judge Haskell President of the Senate, presided over the last drawing.

AGENTS WANTED. For full particulars send for circulars. Address the Managers.

J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

N. B.—Laramie City is on the Union Pacific Railroad, between Chicago and Ogden. 11-4t

Legal Notices.

GOOD CHANCE FOR A DAIRYMAN.—One of the prettiest located, most fertile well cultivated farms especially calculated for the dairy business, and situate but one mile North-east of the flourishing town of Milton, Pa., containing 70 or 91 acres, as may suit purchaser, adjoining the prospective Milton Fair Grounds, with beautiful, large and never-failing springs of excellent water, deemed abundant to supply the entire town of Milton at some future period, fine paying quarries, orchard, and fruit trees of many varieties, good fences, splendid building, and water at both house and barn, is offered at private sale, and on satisfactory terms to buyer. Reasons for selling are that owner is too aged to handle the property. For farher particulars address J. G. Kurtz, or the owner at Milton, Pa.
11-4t JACOBY HARTMAN.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE

A valuable farm containing 388 acres more or less in Worth twp., within two miles of the railroad station at Martha Furnace.

The farm is under good state of cultivation, over one hundred acres cleared the balance covered with a valuable growth of timber. It is also well watered. Will be sold together or in lots to suit purchaser.

Terms easy. Any person in quest of a good farm will do well to examine this before purchasing elsewhere.
9-tf MICHAEL BROWN.

NOTICE—Is hereby given that application will be made under an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled, "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29, 1874, for the Charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Evangelical Lutheran Church at Pine Hall," the character and object of which corporation is to engage in the worship of Almighty God, according to the faith and discipline of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the State of Pennsylvania; and for this end to possess and enjoy all the rights, privileges and benefits of incorporations. Applications for the approval of the charter of incorporation will be made before His Honor J. H. Orvis on Saturday, April 3rd, 1875.

A. HOY,
10-4t Solicitor.

ESTATE OF HARVEY MANN JR. DECEASED. Letters testamentary upon the above Estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay to

CHARLES E MORRIS,
Executor, 715 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
Or his Attorney, W. P. WILSON,
Bellefonte, Penna.
March 6., 1875. 10-5t

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Will be sold at public auction, on Saturday, the 20th day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., in the Borough of Unionville, in the county of Centre, the following described real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of James Lucas, deceased, in a certain tract of land bounded and described as follows, on the north and west by lands of the Snow Shoe Land Association, on the east by lands of Dr. J. M. Blair, on the south by lands of A. R. Hall and others containing 700 acres, more or less, all but 60 acres of which is covered with a valuable growth of timber, about 60 acres is cleared. This land is easy of access, being situated about four miles from Unionville on the pike leading from Bellefonte to Philipsburg. There is on the land a story and half house situated on the pike above mentioned.

Terms 10 per cent is be paid down on day of sale, the balance of one half of purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. M. BLAIR,
7-7t Administrator.

AN ORDINANCE.

To prevent the erection of stables upon the public streets of the Borough of Bellefonte.

Be it enacted by the Town Council of the Borough of Bellefonte in Town Council assembled and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same.

SECTION 1st.—That it shall not be lawful to erect or construct any stable, or any building to be used as a stable on the public streets of the Borough of Bellefonte.

SECTION 2nd.—Any person who shall erect or construct or cause to be erected or constructed any such stable on any of the streets of the Borough of Bellefonte, he, she or they so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of seventy-five dollars, to be sued for and recovered in the manner that debts of like amount are by law sued for and recovered.

SECTION 3rd.—Each and every person who shall erect or construct or cause to be erected or constructed any such stable in violation of this ordinance, or who shall become the owner thereof after the same shall have been so built, and who shall omit, neglect or refuse to remove the same within thirty days after notice to that effect, shall forfeit and pay the further sum of fifty dollars, and also the sum of twenty-five dollars for every period of one month for which he, she or they shall omit, neglect or refuse to remove the same after the expiration of the notice aforesaid.

Ordained and enacted March 1, 1875.

ROBERT VALENTINE.
JAS. H. RANKIN, Pres. Town Council.
Sect.
Approved March 8th, 1875.

S. M. IRWIN,
10-3t Chief Burgess.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, March 1st, 1875.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$337,656 49
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	24,750 00
Due from approved reserve agts	18,351 30
" " other National Banks	1,605 11
" " State Banks and Bankers	24,204 23
Real Estate Furniture and Fixtures	25,813 56
Current Expense & Taxes paid	1,799 91
Premiums paid	43 25
Checks and other Cash Items	5,699 70
Bills of other National Banks	1,732 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g Nickel)	1,078 63
Specie	217 00
Legal Tender Notes	25,637 00
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer 5 per cent of circulation	4,375 00
Due from U S Treas. other than 5 per cent Redemption fund	1,000 00
	$573,963 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	45,000 00
Other undivided profits	7,747 38
National Bank Notes outstanding	83,500 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	93,622 54
Time Certificates of Deposit	221,153 51
Due to other National Banks	22,913 40
" State Banks and Bankers	26 26
	$573,963 09

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss
County of Centre }

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 9th day of March, 1875.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, N. P

Correct Attest;
E. C. HUMES,
ADAM HOY, } DIRECTORS.
J. A. BEAVER.
10-5t

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF Curtin township up to January 1st, 1875, David Brickley, Treasurer, Curtin School District.

To taxes outstanding Jan. 1st, 1874	$ 752.24
To taxes assessed for 1874	378.10
To taxes from Unseated Land	59.89
From State Appropriation	81.03
From John McCloskey, Collector for '71	96.03
From John T. Lucas, Collector for 1874	66.95
From Conrad Singer, Committee	4.28
Due from W S Lucas, Treasurer for '73	195.00
Due from John McCloskey, Collector for 1871	18.72
	$1,793 80

CR.

By amounts of outstanding taxes	$ 751.43
By amount Sect's orders redeemed	842.37
Due from old Treasurers	218.72
	$1,817.52
Balance due Treasurer	$24.52

10-3t CONRAD SINGER, Sect.

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED.

At the rate this work is now selling it will attain a sale of

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before the canvass is complete. Presbyterian ministers without charge, or those in ill health who wish to regain it by open air exercise, students, laymen, and others who desire lucrative employment in a most respectable occupation, are solicited to apply for an agency to sell

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a beautiful large octavo volume, illustrated with steel and wood engravings, which every Presbyterian family will want to possess. Applications for exclusive territory should be made at once.

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Prospectus.

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SERIAL STORIES, TALES, POEMS,
PAPERS ON SCIENCE AND ART,
POPULAR ESSAYS, NARRATIVES,
LITERARY CRITICISMS, FASHIONS, etc.,

together with a variety of able and interesting articles upon the important Questions of the Day. A large portion of the articles, especially those descriptive of travel, will be

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The pictorial embellishments of the Magazine hereafter constituting one of its most attractive features.

The purpose of the Publishers is to furnish a periodical which shall be instructive in THE HOUSEHOLD, THE LIBRARY and THE READING ROOM, giving an abundance of entertaining and popular literature and information for both old and young, carrying light comfort and good nature into every family, and making it acceptible for the whole Household—father and mother, boys and girls, young men and young women.

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3. EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT—in which is given brilliant essays upon a wide range of subjects; social topics discussed and current incidents and doings glanced at.
4. FASHION DEPARTMENT—containing a resume of the Paris, London and New York Fashions, illustrated with ingraving of the latest styles.
5. LETERARY NOTES—devoted to reviews and criticisms of new books and general information.
6. CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT—furnishes instruction and entertainment to the Boys and Girls, and those older people who have young hearts. It is embellished with high class illustrations of Natural History, Wonderful Scenery and rare incidents.
7. HOUSEKEEPER'S DEPARTMENT—comprising information and receipts, many of which are original and published for the first time all collected from the most authentic sources.

It will be the constant aim of the HOUSEHOLD PUPLISHING COMPANY to make THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE in the future, as WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE has been in the past,

THE BEST DOLLAR MONTHLY PUBLISHED,

sparing neither effort, trouble nor expense in securing the BEST WRITERS as contributors, and the BEST ARTISTS to produce illustrations to enrich its pages.

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We continue to offer this celebrated Oil Chromo in connection with the ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, furnishing them to our subscribers upon the following very generous terms:

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C. C. The True Cape Cod Cranberry, best sort for Upland, Lowland, or Garden, by mail prepaid, $1 per 100 $5 per 1,000. All the New, Choice Strawberries and Peaches. A priced Catalogue of these and all Fruits, Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, Bulbs, Roses, Plants, &c., and FRESH FLOWER & GARDEN SEEDS, the choicest collection in the country, with all novelties, will be sent gratis to any plain address, 25 sorts of either Flower, Garden, Tree, Fruit, Evergreen, or Herb Seeds, for $1.00, sent by mail, prepaid. WHOLESALE CATALOGUE TO THE TRADE. Agents wanted.

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RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia	12,55	p. m
"	" " Harrisb'g	5.00	p. m
"	" " Williamsp't	9.15	p. m
"	"arr. at Lock Haven	10.20	p. m
"	" " Buffalo	9,00	p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11.55	p. m
"	" Harrisburg	4.25	a. m
"	" Williamsport	8,35	a. m
"	" Lock Haven	9,45	a. m
"	" Renovo	11,10	a. m
"	" arr. at Erie	8.05	p. m
ELMIRA MAIL	leaves Philadelphia,	8.00	a. m
"	" " Harrisburg	1.25	p. m
"	" " Williamsport	6.20	p. m
"	" arr. at Lock Haven	7.30	p. m
LOCK HAVEN	Accom. leaves Harris'g	9.15	a m
"	" " " Wmsp't	2,05	p m
"	" " leaves Lock Haven	3.10	p m

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS	leaves Lock Haven	6.40	a m
"	" " Williamsp't	7.55	a. m
"	" arr. at Harrisb'g	12.10	a. m
"	" " Philadelphia	4.15	p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	11. 20	a. m
"	" " Renovo	8.25	p. m
"	" " Lock Haven,	9,45	p. m
"	" " Williamsp't,	10.50	p. m
"	" arr. at Harrisburg	2.30	a. m
"	" arr. at Phila	6.50	a. m
FAST LINE	leaves Emporium	8,55	p. m
"	" " Renover	10.40	p m
"	" " Lock Haven	11.55	p m
"	" " Williamsport	1.10	a m
"	" arr at Harrisburg	4.20	a m
"	" " Philadelphia	7.05	a m
DAY EXPRESS	leaves Lock Haven	11 25	a m
"	" " Williamsport	12.25	a m
"	" arr at Harrisburg	4.00	p m
"	" " Philadelphia	7.30	p m

Mail East connect east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Erie Mail and Elmira Mail make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	Miles.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	8 50	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 57	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 23
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45
Howard	15	10 38	4 00
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04
Julian	34	11 57	5 15
Martha	38	12 08	5 26
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 58
Vail	52	12 48	6 03
East Tyrone	54	11 53	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10	A.M.	2 25 P.M.
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40		5 35
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10		2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10	P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe Intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intersection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's	7 44	12 26	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

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First Prize Medal, (Franklin Institute,)	1874
" Silver " (Grand Piano)	1858
" Prize " Crystal Palace World Fair N Y	53
" Gold " American Inst., N. Y	1848
" Prize " Maryland Inst., Baltimore	1848
" Silver " Franklin Inst., Phila.	1845

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Moral and Religious.

TOBACCO.

The very word tobacco seems to present to my mind something disagreeable and repulsive, and I do not think there is one enslaved by the habit now, that always liked it from the very first. Though the plant itself may be worthy of study yet the eye, or in other words, the sense of sight does not love to linger on it, and certainly the senses of smell and taste are disgusted. No one, whether young or old, wishes to be held in restraint, or enslaved by any one. But who are they in bondage, but the smoker, the tobacco chewer and the snuffer. Like as not they have said "we will only try it awhile, just for fun and we can quit at any time we choose," but the first smoke and chew are the wires, forming into links which are soon to become iron, and too strong to be easily broken. Then the victims will be ruled with a rod of iron, and no easy taskmaster to lay it on, for when the appetite of a man is inflamed with such a desire, what is man in his own strength. Nothing but a pigmy in the clutches of a giant. And, oh horrors, what must one pay for his first smoke or chew. Who can describe the deathly and faint sickness that comes stealing over them making them weak and helpless? And there are some that must struggle long and hard before they can smoke a cigar without a reeling sensation of the brain. O, folly of follies! how hard they try to become the slaves of sensual gratification. Nature tries (but all in vain) to be heard. Tries to tell them it is ruining them. But on they go regardless of consequences, only so the present desire is gratified, pandering to their unholy appetites until they step into their graves. Some, alas, before their time. It is sad indeed, to see the young men of the day; the hope and support of the country, yearly spending thousands of dollars, ruining their health, and lowering their self-respect for that which does not return a cent to them in any way. But it is still more disgusting to see boys, (and some very small at that) lounging and loitering about shops or stores with a pipe or a cigar in their mouth. They evidently think that it makes them look more manly, and improves their appearance. But my idea of true manhood is just this; that the boy who uses tobacco, will never become a man in the fullest sense of the word, if he should grow tall and strong. Some are induced to use tobacco through fear of ridicule. But is that manly? No, not in the least, it would be manly to say, "I can not and I dare not ruin my health or morals for all the jibes and sneers you may utter." Now let us look at the filthiness of the habit for a little while. Who has a dirty mouth or an offensive breath, (a breath sometimes so offensive that no amount of perfuming will cover it,) who, but the user of tobacco? And where is the person, possessing to any degree a sense of propriety that is pleased to see the houses which have been dedicated to the worship of God, defiled with tobacco? And yet it is done go where you will. When appetite craves all sense of fitness or propriety is gone and it must be satisfied. How very pleasant it must be for ladies to travel with, or even sit in their own parlors with smokers and have their clothing saturated, and be almost suffocated with the fumes of tobacco. But this is partly the ladies' own fault. A man of manners would certainly ask if smoking would be disagreeable, and if so, as is generally the case, why do they trump up that fashionable falsehood and say no when they can scarcely endure it? It would be no more than right, were they to be choked with tobacco smoke until they would be obliged to tell the truth. To look at tobacco from economy's side of the question, even a cool calculator would be obliged to confess the dreadful waste occasioned by its use. Many a boy or man is lounging around or walking the country crying "hard times," and perhaps at the same time the taint of tobacco on their lips and breath, or wraths of smoke curling gracefully around their heads while they puff away at their idol of a cigar or pipe. It is all true that a single cigar in a day would not amount to so much, but it is trifles that make a man's fortune. What folly it is to spend and be spent for that which is strength neither for the body or the mind, for that which results only in weakness, disease and sometimes in poverty. The example of men of high standing in society is bad and usually lasting in its effects. Even some ministers and very good men are slaves to their habit, but they would be willing to pay a good price for their freedom. Even women forgetting their womanhood, their duty and their responsibility, must needs learn to use tobacco. O, shameful and most unnatural is it to see a woman smoking. Gray hair are a crown on the heads of those who have grown old but what say you when you see a pipe in the mouth? All the veneration with which you would have approached them is gone in a moment, and you pity them, while the habit disgusts you. The users of tobacco have a great variety of excuses. One must smoke for a headache, another for tooth-ache and so on through the catalogue of diseases. But where one smokes for a disease, a dozen smoke because they like it, whether they will confess it or not. But the funniest excuse I ever heard or read was that of the boy who said he "smoked for corns." The question of whether it is right or wrong to use tobacco, should be discussed before dropping this subject. We notice first it is injurious to the system, and dare not by any means be taken into the stomach as nourishment. Well, God gives us life and health, and the question to be answered by the user of tobacco, is this: Is it right to abuse the gift of God? God gives us our wealth, or the means of acquiring it, making the more favored, stewards and almoners of his bounty. Is it their right to waste, utterly waste so much in needless self-indulgence? If every user of tobacco could be induced to keep a cash account of all money expended for tobacco, just for one year, I think not a few would be startled at the result. And then God has formed and made our bodies as temples for the indwelling of the soul; even the immortal part of man. Now is it right to defile the temple of God? And certainly the body of any one (whether male or female,) using tobacco is defiled. Clothing and all saturated with the fumes of tobacco smoke, the breath tainted, the mouth, lips and sometimes the beard, reeking in the juice of the nasty, disagreeable herb they call tobacco. When will the land be cleansed of tobacco, and the filthy habits of smoking, chewing and snuffing no longer be known. Not a very encouraging prospect so long as little boys congregate on street comers, and in the nearest grocery to have a social smoke, or so long as nine out of every ten young men you meet with a cigar in the mouth, or the taint of tobacco on their breath. Up boys and girls of today, and use your influence against moral evil, and especially against "Tobacco and Liquor!"

A. C. GOBBLE,
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Medical.

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The following unsolicited testimonial from Rev. O. T. Walker, formerly pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston, and at present settled in Providence, R. I., must be deemed as reliable evidence. No one should fail to observe that this testimonial is the result of two years' experience with the use of VEGETINE in the family of Rev. Mr. Walker's family, who now pronounce it invaluable:

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Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston.

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, the Pastor of the M. E. Church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by many physicians; also those suffering from the same disease as afflicted the son of E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, as there is no doubt about the curative power of VEGETINE.

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CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,
FOURTH ST.,
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption,** cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs,** the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attacks of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis,** when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

"THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER."
THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Weekly, $2
Postage free to the Subscriber. Specimen copies and advertising rates free. Weekly clubs of 30 or more only $1, postage paid. Address The Tribune, New York. 7-2-1y

MONEY easily made by selling TEAS at IMPORTERS' PRICES, or getting up clubs in town and country for the oldest Tea Company in America. Greatest inducements. Send for circulars. CANTON TEA CO., 149 Chambers St., New York. 9-4w

MEDICAL.

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

THE GREAT INDIAN DIURETIC.
INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO BUCHU.

Nine tenths of the human family suffer, directly or indirectly, at one time or other, from diseases or irregularities of the generative system, while the victims of indiscretion, and of quack treatment, are comparatively numerous.

The idea that patients cannot treat themselves successfully in these cases, has long ago been exploded. A good and reliable medicine, prepared by an experienced physician, from the original Indian Recipe, that is guaranteed to effect a

SPEEDY AND RADICAL CURE.

can be as safely relied upon as the prescription of the most skillful practitioner. Such a medicine is the celebrated

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

Full directions accompany each bottle, and if they are carefully followed, a quick and permanent cure is guarranteed. Price $2.00 per bottle.

THE CHEROKEE INJECTION,

should always be used in conjunction with the Remedy for both incipient and obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa. Price $2.00 per bottle.

CHEROKEE CURE

for seminal weakness (spermatorrhœa), is a simple vegetable medicine that was used for many years in the practice of the physician who first gave the remedy to the public. It has effected cures that would scarcely be credited except on ocular evidence of the fact. Full directions, with pamphlet containing all particulars of symptoms, treatment, &c., accompany each bottle. Price $2.00 per bottle. Sold everywhere.

CHEROKEE PILLS.

These Pill are prepared expressly for the cure of those irregularities to which ladies are subject, and will be found safe, reliable and effectual, for the cure of Suppression, Green Sickness, Pain in the Back, Hysteria, Sick Headache, &c., &c. Price $1.00 per box.

Heimstreet's Hair Restorative,

OR INIMITABLE HAIR COLORING.

NOT A DYE.—Heimstreet's "Hair Coloring is not a Dye, and its operation is not by any chemical effect, but by a natural restoration of the glands, thus giving the hair the color it originally had.

NATURALNESS.—When the hair is dyed, its color is leaden hued and unnatural, but when restored by HEIMSTREET'S HAIR COLORING, its appearance is so perfectly natural that no one can detect the use of any Restorative.

STAINLESS.—While the Restorative acts promptly on the hair, it leaves no stain or mark whatever on the skin. It is composed of ingredients that form a perfect dressing as well as a coloring, so that no oils, &c., are necessary.

THIS MOST EFFECTIVE of all the Hair Restorers is for sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Numerous certificates from those who have used it are in the possession of the proprietors.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., New York.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & Co., Wholesale Ag'ts, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.

PARK'S BALSAM

OR
WILD CHERRY AND TAR.

BALSAM.—Nothing is more soothing to the irritated membranes than the pure BALSAMS of which this medicine is composed.

WILD CHERRY.—The true bark of Wild Cherry is an unfailing specific for all throat and pectoral diseases.

TAR.—The wonderful healing properties of Tar when united with the other ingredients, render PARK'S BALSAM the most efficient Cough Medicine ever offered to the public.

CONSUMPTION.—The many cases of Consumption that have been cured justify us in the assertion that it is the very best medicine for that disease ever discovered.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

STEPHEN FISK, of New York, says his daughter had consumption, and terbucles had formed in her lungs. He was induced to try Park's Balsam, which effected a speedy cure.

T. EDWARD FLEET, of Brooklyn says, I think it is the best medicine for affections of the lungs I ever used.

G. S. FANCHER, of New York says, I feel fully persuaded that Park's Balsam has saved my life.

We have in our possession hundreds of certificates from others, and all of the same cheering import. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Address all orders to JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., 8 and 9 College Place, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors.

EGYPTIAN

Rat and Vermin Destroyer

FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, WATER BUGS, ROUCHES, RED ANTS, &c.

STRENGTH.—When a Rat tastes the Egyptian Destroyer, his death warrant is signed, sure. It cannot fail to kill. It also creates great thirst, and the rat will search for water out of doors, and not die in his hole, to cause a stench that cannot be got out.

ATTRACTIVENESS.—Rats are the shrewdest of vermin. It is hard to get them to eat poison. An ingredient in the Egyption Destroyer is a perfect bait, and they are attracted rather than freightened be it. "Rats (not children) cry for it.

KEEPING SOFT.—People know how the ordinary Rat Pastes dry up and become useless, causing annoyance and loss. The Egyptian Destroyer is fully warranted to keep soft, fresh and effective in any climate for years.

SURE DEATH.—The Egyptian Destroyer kills every time. Hundreds of unsolicited testimonials are now in the hands of the proprietors, substantiating its great merits as the best preparation for destroying Vermin in the world. Be sure and ask for the "Egyptian," and take no other.

Put up in large glass bottles. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists everywhere.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., AGENTS, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.
METROPOLITAN MEDICINE CO., Sole Proprietors.
6-30-1y

HOLLOWAY'S Pills and Ointment

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

THE GRAND PRINCIPLE that operates in these wonderful medicines is the power that they possess in purifying the turbid blood, and expelling corrupt humors from the system.

Both the ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bunions, Burns, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Fistula, Gout, Limbago, Mercurial Eruptions, Piles, Rheumatism, Ring-Worms, Salt Rheums, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Swelled Glands, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Sore Throats, Sores of all kinds, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Tetter, Ulcers, Venereal sores, Wounds of all kinds.

USE HOLLOWAY'S EXPECTORANT for the absolute cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pains in the Chest, and all affections of the Pulminary nature.

CAUTION.

Be careful and see that each bottle has the Holloway and Co. trade mark on it.

Price, 25cts., 62cts., and $1.00; great saving in buying large sizes.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., PROP'RS.
9 College Place, N. Y.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
6-30-1y

THE VOICE OF MASONRY

AND FAMILY MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, IS NOW IN ITS 13th YEAR. It contains a full account of all matters pertaining to craft, supplied by its large corps of able contributors, both at home and abroad, and is one of the best mediums of Masonic information. PRICE $2 PER YEAR, in advance, with Masonic Chromo, $2,50. Send 25 cents for sample copy
Address VOICE OF MASONARY,
No 183 West Monroe St Chicago Ill., and No. 8 College Place or P.O. Box 1789, New York City
6-30-1y

MEDICAL.

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief space afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors, New York.

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.
6-tf

W. & L. WETSLER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
5-33-tf

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy
BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISIN NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at all times and at all hours by him.
BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.
v6n15-1v H. D. YERGER, Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.
HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

AMERICAN LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
ONLY
LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG.
Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA
For QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL.
CABIN, INTERMEDIATE & STEERAGE
Accommodations Unsurpassed,
Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
W. W. POTTER, PHILADELPHIA.
Penna. R. R. Office, Agent, Bellefonte. 32-1y

Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S
REMOVAL.
F. C RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. v6n7-no5-1f

Philadelphia Advertisements

S. L. KIRK, SON & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
130 North Third Street, Corner of Cherry,
PHILADELPHIA.

Have in store and offer for sale; at the lowest market prices, and on the most reasonable terms, a large and well assorted stock of GROCERIES, TEAS, SPICES, FISH, CHEESE, &c., selected with care in this, New York and Baltimore markets, to which the attention of Country Dealers is particularly requested. 13-1y

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenaial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employedin the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annm will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.
FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia

For Sale or To Let.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

A WIRE MILL AND SPIRAL SPRING FACTORY, together with an excellent

WATER POWER!

ALL NEW AND IN PERFECT ORDER!

[redacted]

Schools, Churches, Post office, &c. The lands are FREE from STONE, level, well fenced, and under a good state of cultivation. A valuable vein of

LIME STONE ROCK

is on the farm, and a village is growing up around it, which gives a fair prospect of an increase in value before long. The Philipsburg turnpike runs through it for a distance of ¾ of a mile rendering a large strip on each side available for house lots, from which the entire price of the farm might be realized, lots having sold heretofore for $100 apiece. The farm is well watered, having water in all the fields, good wells at the house and barn with pumps all in good order. There also are 50 acres of good

PINE AND OAK TIMBER.

The land has a southern exposure and is therefore very early. There are two houses on the farm, both facing the turnpike. One containing five rooms on the first floor with Hall and five on the second and back Kitchen, with room over-head. Connected with this house is a good log barn, ice house and other out buildings. On the other side of the road is the other house containing eight rooms with good barn and out buildings. This farm could be divided into two parts, and will be if purchasers so desire, making one containing 130 acres with the large house, and the other containing 56 acres with the small house. Terms easy. Inquire of James L. Sommerville, or R. T. Downing, or at the office of the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN.
38 tf.

ESSEX PIGS. ESSEX PIGS.

I now have a few GRADE PIGS to sell CHEAP. Several good
CHESTER AND GRADE SOWS.
In the future will keep only PURE BLOODS.
A few high grade ROASTERS, 50 to 100 lb.
One or two PURE ESSEX; also, a new PRINDLE STEAMER. Have two, need only one. Order soon if you wish stock pigs.
A. S. TIPTON.
Curtin twp., Sept. 30, 1874. 22-tf

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA?

ARE YOU

Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no marked results, but gradually his troubles

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities, "the most powerful tonic and alternative known."

Ask your druggist for it.
For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 10-4t

TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE!

144 pages, illustrated. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading by both sexes, married or single. About physiology of Reproduction of healthy and beautiful children. Marriage; whom to marry; proper age; marriage impediments; nervous debility; sexual inability; blood impurities, &c.; causes and consequences. Price 50 cents; sent securely sealed. Address
WM. WHITTIER, M. D.,
262 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B.—Dr. Whittier specially treats private diseases and all affections mentioned in his work, with greatest success. Cures guaranteed. Consultation—personally or by letter—confidential and free. Call or write. 7-4-1y

The Christian at Work.

T. DE WITT TALMAGE, EDITOR.

A Choice of Two Beautiful Premiums

A PORTFOLIA of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½x10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including the postage. No Extras of any kind. WITHOUT PREMIUM, $3 PER ANNUM.

Liberal commissions and exclusive territory to Agents. Special club rates. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to
HORATIO C. KING, Publisher,
Box 5105, New York

Coal, Lime, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the
MOST REASONABLE PRICES
Our Coal is of the very
BEST IN THE MARKET
and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
OFFICE IN McCAFFERTY'S BUILDING,
(opposite the depot)
J. R. & C. T. ALEXANDER.

Hardware.

F. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS

BELLEFONTE, PA.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.

ELAINE

AS AN ILLUMINATOR.

WHY IT IS THE SAFEST.

ELAINE will not explode while burning in a lamp, nor in any other way, as it does not contain any of the explosive compounds so frequently met with in the ordinary oil for illuminating. A lamp, filled with ELAINE, if upset or accidently broken, will not explode or burn. There is no position in which you can put a lamp filled with ELAINE, for common use, in which it will explode. As no other illuminator has such advantages of safety, ELAINE IS CERTAINLY THE SAFEST FAMILY ILLUMINATING OIL KNOWN.
[Almost the same price as coal oil.]

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods
COMPLETE SADDLER'S STOCK.
SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVES,
guaranteed to be the best and the heaviest casting, largest oven &c.

Cashor short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.
37-tf WILSON & HICKS.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE
All sorts of
Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.
We hope by
STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS
merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.
J. & J. HARRIS,
v5 No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE
CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,
(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)
BELLEFONTE
Manufactures and keeps always on hand
WHITE AND YELLOW
PINE FLOORING,
Weather boarding, of various styles,
Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every Description,
and Brackets of all sizes made to order.
Having a
BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER
Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from
THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER
Orders from
CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS,
and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre co., Pa.

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,
Has just received a large invoice of
GENTLEMENS'
FURNISHING GOODS.
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,
BELLEFONTE PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a
Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND
VESTINGS,
Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods

of every style and variety, consisting of
HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.
JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,
ALLEGHENY STREET.
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by
WM. McCLELLAN,
a most complete stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES
AND VESTINGS;
which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.
Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.
He also keeps on hand a full line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.
WM. McCLELLAN,
No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1

JNO. D. SOURBECK.
LOCAL EXPRESS.
A local expressing promptly attended to reasonable rates.
Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.
BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.
5-16-1y

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil, Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-29-1y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

DR. BELLS SPECIFIC REMEDIES have stood the test of thirty years, and are still unequaled for their great efficacy in curing all diseases of the Urino-Genetal system arising from youthful indiscretion or imprudent habits.

YOUTH, MANHOOD, AND OLD AGE are alike benefitted by them, and a cure may confidently be expected in all cases of Nervous Debility and Depression, Gravelly Deposits, Pains and Irritations, Seminal Weakness, Emissions, Discharges, and other Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, conditions arising from one and the same cause.

These remedies can be used without detection, as they never nauseate the stomach, or interfere with diet, or business pursuits.

Trial boxes, properly secured from observation, will be sent by mail, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR—pamphlet containing full particulars, sent on receipt of stamp. Address,
47-3m JOHN LAMB, P. O. Box 3383, N. York.

FREE SAMPLES to agents. Ladies' Combination Needle Book, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co. New Bedford, Mass. 44-4t

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 96, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets e second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——Our merchants are cleaning up, taking account of stock and making arrangements for the Spring trade.

——A statistician estimates that courtship averages three tons of coal per couple during winters as severe as this.

——Schools in the rural districts will generally close in the present month. Some have already closed the winter term.

——This has been an exceedingly long winter to everybody, except the man who gave his note last fall payable April first.

——Houses to rent are not as scarce as they were this time last year. Rent must come down if we want to retain our present population.

——W. A. Wallace, U. S. senator, is a member of the committees on Appropriations, Manufactures, and Revision of the Laws of the United States.

——The merchant who has not advertized since the panic began, when he saw the balance sheet the other day, quoted Longfellow. "Tell me not in mournful numbers."

——Give your son a good education and a settled purpose in life and when he is a man he will not be content to sit behind the stove and crack his fingers and make weather calculations on the ground-hog.

——R. F. Rankin's new Drug Store, on High Street, will be completed in a few days. His stock of new goods is already here. It will be one of the handsomest and coziest establishments in town.

——The following sentence has been set up more times in more newspaper offices within the last two months than any other in the English language: "The Beecher-Tilton trial still drags its slow length along."

AN OLD MAN GONE.—George Lonberger, father of Mr. John Lonberger of Milesburg, died in the latter place on Tuesday, 16th inst., in the ninety first year of his age. The funeral was one of the largest we have ever seen.

——The *Watchman* favors the election of a lady to the County Superintendency. It would be a nice drive from Bellefonte some raw wintery day, for a lady Superintendent to go visiting the schools of, say, Ferguson township.

——Sunday evening was rather cold, and the boys suffered like the sinful while waiting outside of the churches for the close of service. One of them declares that

> 'Tis sweet to wait, but awful bitter
> To wait for a girl and then not to git'er.

——Wm. F. Carpenter proposes to move to Georgetown, Colorado, in the spring. Then he'll be far away from home and will miss his many Bellefonte friends, who hope he may change his mind and stay at home, but if his is bound to go he has our heartiest good wishes.

——The associate editor of the *Watchman* says that 'Squire Gephart will have to remove his office over to the North ward because the law requires a justice of the peace to have his office in the ward from which he is elected. Esquire Furey was elected from both the South and West wards; now, how is he going to live in both of them?

——At the regular monthly meeting of the Building & Loan Association on Saturday evening last no money was sold because there were no bidders. The minimum rate fixed by the association is 20 per cent., which is less than six per cent per annum, still there were no bidders even at that low rate. This proves that there are several hundred individuals in Bellefonte who are not very hard up.

——We suggest a competitive examination: Congressman Mackey has been informed by the Secretary of the Navy that there is a vacancy to be filled from the congressional district, in the Naval Academy. We suggest that Mr. Mackey appoints an examining committee, a day of examination, give every county an equal chance, and let the most deserving contestant receive the appointment.

APOLOGETIC.—A *Watchman* correspondent, "Adventist," calls us to account for referring to the Millerites, last week, in connection with a local notice of that large and excellent grocery store of Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block, where everything in the grocery line, of the freshest and best quality, is always kept on hand. The correspondent says, among the Millerites "may be found many of the most profound Bible students of this as well as all other ages." This is a remarkable statement, which we don't exactly understand, but suppose it is true. We did not mean any disrespect to any denomination, and did not even know that Mr. Miller was an Adventist until the writer informed us of our indiscression. Well, men who never do wrong seldom do anything, and we are truly sorry that we inadvertantly did anybody injustice. If our good Advent brother is in earnest in asking, "If the brother does not expect to be with those who shall ascend 'to meet the Lord in the air,' where does he expect to be?" we reply that we hope to be on the right side; but if our good brother should whine around there so much over a little bit of a thing as he did in his communication last week, we must say that we feel truly thankful that in the Better Country there will be "many mansions" and we wont be compelled to bunk with him,

REV. G. W. MILLER.—Our Methodist friends are rejoiced at the action of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, which, at the session held in Huntingdon, which closed yesterday, appointed the above gentleman to the pastorate of the M. E. Church of this place. We congratulate them on their securing such an able and eloquent divine, and can give no more fitting introduction to his people here than by quoting the following from the *York Evening Telegram* of March 15th:

> Yesterday morning Rev. G. W. Miller, of the Luke Street M. E. Church, preached an impressive farewell sermon to the members of his church. The church has flourished under Mr. Miller's pastorate for, from being comparatively speaking, one of the smallest and weakest, congregations in our town, it has grown into such numbers that it not only supports its pastor quite handsomely, but also readily meets and forwards to the respective Boards all the demands made upon it. At the request of his congregation and many friends, in the evening he preached a temperance sermon from the 2nd Epistle of Peter, 2nd chapter, 4th to the 14th verses, inclusive. Before the hour announced for the service to commence, the church was crowded to such an extent that even the pulpit was occupied by those who are interested in the Temperance cause, and who wished by their presence, to demonstrate to the pastor, their high appreciation of him as a minister, pastor and temperance advocate. It seems altogether unnecessary for us to comment upon the discourse—for it was but another of those bursts of eloquence which Mr. Miller has so often favored this community with before, and notwithstanding the crowded condition of the audiance, he held them as spell-bound for one hour and fifteen minutes. This ends his pastoral duties in our midst, and it can be truthfully said of him that he has been faithful to the trust reposed in him, and which he has undertaken he has done with his might. He carries with him, to his new field of labor, the best wishes of the community. May his efforts continue successfully.

——From information received from Mr. N. Beck, formerly of this place and now of Tiffin, Ohio, we learn that William Smythe, formerly of Jacksonville, this county, is lying at the point of death in the above City. The circumstances attending his sickness which has, we fear, ended his life ere this time, are peculearly sad. During the war he enlisted from this County, in Company C, 148th regt. At the battle of Chancellorville he was shot through the lungs and laid on the ground in the woods for three days without food, water or any medical assistance. A fire swept through the woods, consuming trees, dead leaves, everything, and he was in great danger of being burned to death, only saving himself by scratching, as best he could, the leaves away from him and lying on the naked earth. On the third day he was taken to a hospital, and afterwards partially recovered. A number of years ago he removed to Tiffin, and at one time was a candidate for the postmastership but, not being successful, he received a secondary appointment, which, with his pension, enabled him to live comfortably. He has a large circle of relatives and riends in this County who will be sorry to hear of his serious illness.

——Col. Brown's lecture did not come off on last Wednesday evening as advertized. There were a number of people present at the hour for the lecture to begin but not enough to warrant the lecturer in proceeding, and it was therefore postponed till sometime during the April court. We are sorry that our people did not turn out better. But such is the morbid sentiment of our entertainment going people, that they would rather attend a minstrel show, a circus, a theatre, than listen to a real literary treat. They wouldn't turn out on last Wednesday evening t hear Col. Brown, but we have no doubt there will be a full house this evening to witness the performances of Blind Tom, and the admission fee is double.

——Mr. Cameron Burnside, who has been visiting Mrs. Mann, at the Axe Factory, for several weeks past, has been appointed Paymaster in the Navy. We congratulate Mr. Burnside on his good luck and have no doubt he will make a competent official.

——Miller Plumer, a young man in the employ of the Railroad Company at East Tyrone, fell from the switch engine yesterday morning and was run over and terrible mangled, causing immediate death.

——On Saturday last a new boiler was placed instead of the old one at the water works.

——Sleighing was excellent again on Saturday, and winter appears to be only in his prime.

——Judge Mayer has orderded a special court to be held in this County beginning April 5th.

——It is understood that Firman Mann will take charge of Mann's axe factory after April 1st.

——Thawing weather has developed another dangerous hole in the pavement in front of the Bush House.

——Mr. Edward Packer died at his residence, in Howard township, on the 8th inst, aged 79 years and 4 days.

——The hotel proprietors are advertizing for license and hunting up signers to their petitions and bondmen.

——Gen. Ross Hartshorn, the Bucktail Commander, has been appointed a member of Governor Hartranft's staff.

——On Thursday last a pair of boots manufactured for Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer was stolen from the boot and shoe store of Mr. John Powers.

——Butter 35 cents a pound, eggs 22 cents a dozen, meat and other necessary articles in proportion, while the wages of mechanics and laboring men are almost one half lower than they were two years ago, When will the wrong be righted?

——We were a little premature in stating, a week or two ago, that Dr. W P Rothrock of Beech Creek intended to come to this county with a view of making it his future home. The Clinton *Democrat*, says we were mistaken, and that the Doctor does not intend to leave his pleasant location at Beech Creek.

[redacted]

——Representatives Shugert and Alexander returned home on Friday evening after the adjournment of the Legislature. Mr. Alexander feels very much exhausted after the severe mental strain to which his mind has been subject during his ten days of service at law-making, and in the language of the lamented Sumner his "poor brain needs rest."

——Miss Mary Clemmer thus discribes the last moments of the last congress:

"As Speaker Blaine's last words vibrate on the air, the entire House of Representatives rises to its feet, strikes its hands, and with one voice cheers its Speaker. Three rounds of applause, deep and long, are caught up by the galleries and borne back again in ringing cheers before silent falls. By this time the Speaker's eyes are so full of tears he is compelled to wipe them away."

——Dr. R. D. Tipple has associated with himself in the practice of medicine Dr. R. L. Dart and would respectfully say to the citizens of Bellefonte and surrounding country that they will cheerfully respond to all professional calls from town or country. Night calls promptly responded to. Prices the same as of other physicians and medicines always furnished. Particular attention given to chronic diseases and surgery. Office at Dr. Tipple's residence on Allegheny street, a few doors North of diamond.

12-2t

——A German, who gave his name as Miller, and hailing from Harrisburg, came to the house of Jonathan Spangler, in Brushvalley a week ago, where he took sick and died. He was about 55 years of age, and has been in this country about six years. He said that he was on his way to Penn'a Furnace in pursuit of work. This information as to himself he gave while stopping over night at Mr. Luce's, a few days before. At Mr. Spangler's he was questioned as to his residence and relatives, but gave no information upon these points. He was buried at Rebersburg. —*Reporter.*

——A number of talented young colored people will give two grand literary entertainments in Reynold's Hall on Monday and Tuesday evenings, March 29th and 30th. This will be their third annual entertainment, under the direction of Mr. J. C. Hawkins, who has been quite successful in bringing out the talent under his charge. The proceeds will be appropriated to the use of the A. M. E. church of this place. Miss A. E. Bower of Osceola will preside at the piano. Tickets for sale at Blair's Jewelry store and at all the barber shops. Give them a good house, they well deserve it.

——A reliable old gentleman, a Centre County farmer of over fifty years experience, told us on Saturday that the prospect is favorable for an abundant fruit crop, next fall, the winter having done little or no damage to the trees or buds.

——Court adjourned yesterday (Thursday) afternoon. A full week's cost to the county for three and a half days work.—*Watchman.*

Not true. Every body connected with the court, who is paid out of the County Treasury, received pay for only three and a half days work. If the court transacts the business of a week in three and one half days, it is a saving to the county of two and one half days of court expenses. Besides, it saves parties and witnesses almost one half the expense they would otherwise incur. The writer of the above paragraph, therefore, has misstated the facts.—REPUBLICAN.

How far the *Watchman* was wrong we leave the people to judge. In the first place it costs just as much to give notice of a court for three and a half days as it does for a full week; it costs just as much to notify jurors for three and a half days court as it does for a full week; it costs just as much for judges for three and a half days as it does for a week; it costs just as much for mileage for jurors for three and a half days as it does for a week; it costs just as much for "every other" expense attendent upon the court, for one, two or three days, as it does for a week, except in the matter of Juror's pay. This every one knows. If it is not so, will the editor of the REPUBLICAN enlighten the public as to where the difference is?—*Watchman.*

It costs just as much to give notice of a court, it is true, but the *Watchman* is always well paid out of the county treasury, for giving such notice, and we guess its editor is not in earnest when he objects to that kind of thing. The cost of notifying jurors is an item so small that it hardly amounts to one fourth of what the "Watchman" receives for advertizing a single court. Judges are not paid out of the county treasury; and if it were only necessary for them to hold court three days in the year they would receive their salaries just the same. If the court transacts the business of a week in three and one half days it saves the county two and one half days juror's pay, which, at the court in question, amounted to the sum of $90,00, there being 36 jurors each receiving two dollars per day. Two and one half days' expenses were also saved in pay of court cryers, tip-staves, cost of fuel and other incidental expenses; but more than all this is the saving to parties to suits and their witnesses, which at any term of court amounts fully as to much, per day, as it costs the county to hold the court. We submit, then, is the "Watchman" not in error when it states that it costs as much to hold court three and one half days as it does to hold court a full week? It is true the court was called for a full week, and might have lasted a full week, and every expense of a full week heaped upon the county, but because the full week's business was disposed of in three and one half days, we can't see where there is any ground for complaint. Would the "Watchman" have court sit the two and one half days additional, on full expense with nothing to do, just for the sake of making a full week's cost to the county? That would be a queer sort of economy. Now, if it had taken *two* weeks to transact the business of one week, then there would be some ground for complaint; but, as the facts stand, we think the "Watchman" is in error. Will the editor please inform us how the court could have been held so as to be less expensive to the county? If he will do us that favor we will relieve him from the impression we have received in common with many others, that his statements were not so much from love of economy in the disbursement of county funds, as from other motives in which personal feuds seemed to lend an impulse.

——The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Evangelical Association held its session at New Berlin, Pa., commencing on the 4th of March.

The stationing committee made the following appointments:

Lewisburg District	A. L. Reeser, P. E.
Union Circuit	S. Smith.
Buffalo "	G. Hunter and P. J. Jarret.
Whitedeer Circuit	P. W. Radabough.
Milton Mission	A. W. Shenberger.
Milton Circuit	W. H. Davis.
Lewisburg Station	J. G. M. Swengel.
Hughesville Circuit	P. M. Goup.
Laurelsville "	L. Mathias.
Dushore Station	G. E. Zehner.
Wilmot Circuit	H. H. Ream.
Danville "	H. W. Buck.
Bloomsburg "	J. A. Irvin.
Columbia "	S. P. Reemer.
Berwick "	W. M. Creaman.
Orangeville "	J. M. Brader.
Luzerne "	G. L. Burson.
Kingston Mission	P. S. Orwig.
Wyoming Circuit	W. W. Rhoads.
Susquehanna	one to be supplied.

Northumberland and Sunbury to be supplied, J. W. Brentz, Professor of the Union Seminary and member of the Union Quarterly Conference.
Francis M. Bake, Professor of the Union Seminary and member of the Union Quarterly Conference.

Williamsport District	M. J. Carothers, P. E.
Williamsport Station	A. Krause.
" Mission	A. H. Irvin.
Newberry and Duboise Mission	S. T. Buck and J. C. Courter.
Lycoming Circuit	P. H. Rishel and P. W. Groupe.
Jersey Shore Circuit	A. Rearick and B. P. Keller.
Lock Haven Mission	U. F. Swengel.
Sugarvalley Circuit	R. Young.
Nittany Valley	W. E. Detwieler and S. O. Musselman.
Centre Circuit	J. M. Prece and D. P. Kline.
Centre Hall and Milesburg	M. Sloat and L. K. Harris.
Canton Circuit	John M. King.
Seneca Station	R. J. Derrick.

——Says the Philipsburg *Journal:*

We are about to lose an old and prominent citizen, in the person of Mr. Edward Perks, who has leased the Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte, and will take possession on the first of April. He will lease his grist mill in this place, and give his personal attention to the hotel, and will be assisted by his son, James. Of course all Philipsburgers will hereafter put up at the Brockerhoff House.

LEG BROKEN.—Mr. John Boozer, of Centre Hall, accidentally broke his leg at the vendue of Mrs. Hall, near the above place, on last Thursday. He was walking on the hay mow and a board tipping up, he fell through to the store below, sustaining a fracture of the ankle joint and a compound fracture of the leg a few inches above the ankle.

——Gen. Jesse Merrill, that tall, handsome Lock Haven lawyer, was in town on Saturday.

——Jno. G. Love, Esq., started on Monday for Richmond, Virginia, expecting to be gone a fortnight.

——Lock Haven fears a damp, bad freshet and the natives are driving their stock and other valuables to Highland Cemetery.

——Next Friday will be Good Friday, and as it is a legal holiday, we suppose the banks and schools, and other public institutions will be closed.

——There is a good deal of complaint about the high rent asked for houses in Bellefonte this spring; nothing damages a town so seriously as oppressive rents.

——Hon. James Milliken has been in town for several days visiting his mother. He appears to be in excellent health and his numerous friends were glad to see him.

——This is the month for freckles, and it is said that March winds will manufacture these faster than any patent lotion can remove them. Veils are going up.

——Centre Hall proposes to reconstruct her water works, and wants galvanized iron water mains, fire plugs, reservoir at the foot of the mountain, and a fire company.

——The reading of the Pioneer paper of the Murdoc Literary Society will take place next Monday evening, March 29th. All friends of the society are invited to attend. C. L. POWNELL, Secretary.

——Harris township wants to be divided into two election precincts—one voting at Boalsburg, the other at Lemont. The proposed dividing line runs through and places a part of Oak Hall in each division.

——We are now receiving Cayuga Plaster finely ground ready for use, which is guaranteed to be as good a fertilizer as the white or Nova Scotia plaster, which we will sell at $9. 50 per ton of 2000 lbs. SHORTLIDGE & Co. 10-4t.

——He's only a pauper whom nobody owns—is Andy Wagner—born in Clinton County, nurtured in Lycoming, and disowned by both; and the individuals who are fighting over him don't know how soon they may become old idiots themselves.

ANOTHER OLD CITIZEN GONE.—On Tuesday the 16th inst, at his residence in Boggs township, the venerable William DeHass departed this life at the advanced age of 79 years. Deceased was a son of Major DeHass of Revolutionary fame, who, at one time, owned nearly all the land in Bald Eagle valley between Howard and Flemington, besides several thousand acres in the vicinity of Youngwomans Town on the Susquehanna. William DeHass was an honest hard working man, and was very much respected.

BLANCHARD, March 9th, 1875.

EDITORS REPUBLICAN.—Being a constant reader of your valuable paper, I thought perhaps I might be permitted to say a word through it. There is nothing very strange or remarkable to write about. Our business men seem to be doing a fine business, notwithstanding the panic, especially Mr. Samuel Kunes, the man who keeps the *Temperance* House. Sam is a good fellow, and has a host of friends in these parts yet some are so uncharitable as to insinuate that Sam sells a beverage between meals stronger than tea or coffee. One of the Town Council of our neighboring city, (Beech Creek) got something of the kind at Lock Haven, came here and wanted more of it from Sam but failed to make the point for some cause. He went up street to see Alderman Courter, demanded a warrant for Sam, for having sold the "article" to said Councilman on a former occasion. The Alderman informed the Councilman from over the water, that he and Sam had been bad friends for a long time, and now they were on good terms and he could not give him any law against Samuel. If he had only come while Sam and the Alderman were bad friends, he would have had no trouble, but alas, too late. Mr. Councilman, not to be out done, inquired whether one man owned all the law in such cases made and provided. Some one kindly informed him there was a "branch office" down at J. T. Clark's. He made his way thither, and was there informed by Mr. Clark that his was only a branch of the main office, and it was Alderman Courter who did the principle business and he might attend to this. Mr. Councilman returned to the main office and demanded a warrant, offered to pay the costs in advance, but the Alderman said no, and no it was. Our friend over the water complains of our Alderman for his course in this case but perhaps he does not understand us as well as we understand ourselves. We do not pretend to say that the Hon. Councilman from Beech Creek never got anything stronger than tea or coffee from Samuel; suppose he did, can't a man repent if he does wrong? Is it not a great deal better to use Samuel kindly and try to get him into "our" church, than to enforce the law and harden Samuel's heart and cause him to do something dreadful? We think so and intend to try it.

Our friends over the water are having enough of their own to attend to just now. There was a Convention held there sometime since in the Presbyterian Church, proceeds for the Kansas sufferers, a very laudable enterprise, yet it was almost a failure in consequence of professors of Christianity using their influence against it. They raised some thirty dollars I believe. The Methodist people held a Convention last week, proceeds for the M. E. Sunday School. There seems to be two wings to that denomination, one wing supported the Convention but the strongest wing opposed it, and succeeded in making it a failure financially, but I am told by persons who were there, that it was decidedly the best Convention ever given in that place. I believe it was conducted by Fleming P. Trexler and A. H. Knecht, with Miss Clara Keyes as organist. It is unfortunate that professors will disagree to the injury of the cause they profess. More anon.

FAIR PLAY.

JACKSONVILLE, March 15th, 1875.

MR. EDITOR:

Dear Sir.—In the *Watchman* of the 12th inst. I find a communication signed "Citizen." The person is either ignorant of the true facts connected with the Jacksonville convention or else he was one of the party who was too stingy to spend four dollars for the success of the convention. He says: "The reason why no bills were posted is because the time was too short after a convention had been decided on." Did not one of the principal men inform me that they were to see the printer and ascertain what he would charge to print the bills? He was told four dollars which they thought too much; that if their convention should happen to be a failure they would have nothing to pay but fifty cents for the tickets. They had time enough, two or three weeks previous to the singing to write bills about the size of a mule's ear and post them up in localities, where they were certian no person would ever read them and undoubtedly they were ashamed of them and so they ought to be. When a convention has as little confidence in its success as that comes to, it is ignorance to talk about holding a convention in Bellefonte. TAGUS.

STRANGE BUT TRUE.—It is natural for people suffering with Consumption, Coughs, Severe Colds, or any other disease of the Throat and Lungs, to put off from day to day buying an article that they know has cured their neigbor, friend, or relative, yet they have no faith in it until it is too late. If you will go to your Druggist, F. P. Green, and get a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup, your immediate cure is as certain as you live. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and Druggists and people everywhere are elated over its success. You can get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it. Regular size bottle 75 cents.

6-43-1y-eow

MARCH 30—Orphan's Court Sale. Estate of Jacob Etters, deceased. Benner twp. Five acres ground with buildings, fruit trees, &c.

MARCH 5—James Zimmerman, Boggs township. Horses, cattle, farming implements, etc.

At private sale two valuable farms one mile from Milesburg. Enquire of Edward T. Tuten at this office.

At private sale by Michael Brown, a farm of 388 acres, in Worth Township.

MARCH 25—Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. by Daniel Leyden. Large lot of personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, farming tools, household furniture, etc.

MARCH 27.—Orphan's Court sale. Real Estate in Taylor twp. Late property of Thomas Woodle, deceased, containing 60 acres. Jeremiah Sharrer, administrator.

THE Huntingdon *Journal* is somewhat exercised over our remarks in reference to its being the organ of Ex-Senator Scott, and endeavors to define its position in an editorial—a whole column, made up of abstracts from sore head speeches, that were delivered throughout the State during the campaign of 1872, without giving due credit. As the people of Pennsylvania put such a decided quietus upon the speeches referred to, as well as the speech makers, at the election of that year, we would suggest, that the *Journal* would show more political sagacity by the abandonment of its suicidal course, lest it should share the same fate with all those who have heretofore undertaken to retail political falsehoods at a very low price.

—A girl in Susquehanna Co., recently sawed a cord of wood in one hour and forty-five minutes, each stick being cut twice. She is described as pretty and not yet eighteen, and performed the task in a fit of anger, because her mocher told her she was fit for nothing else but to sit in the parlor and read novels. How such a girl as that would rattle her husband about when she got mad at him.

—Sullivan county claims a very remarkable woman, and she belongs to a very remarkable and, we may add, a very dangerous family—to marry into. She gave birth to five children in one year—triplets in January and twins in December. Her mother had previously given birth to triplets, her sister is the mother of three pair of twins, and each of her two daughters have given birth to triplets. The times are really too hard for such foolishness.

MARRIED

On 14 inst., at the residence of Mr. O. P. Hassinger, by Rev. J. K. Miller, Mr. A. Clark of Centre Furnace, to Miss Tillie Clark of Bellefonte.

On 11 inst., by Rev. W. H. Groh, Mr. James H. Moyer of Logansville, Clinton county, to Miss Christiana Jordan of Boalsburg.

On 14 inst., by Rev. P. M. Coup, Levi Reeder, of Georges Valley, and Miss Catherine Krader, of Confer Valley.

On 19 inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Wilson Beck, by Rev. J. A. Bright, Charles A. Gast of Bald Eagle, and Miss Maggie N. Beck, of near Jacksonville.

On 14 inst., by Rev. E. Stambaugh, Israel Vonada and Miss Lidia Vonada, both of Haines Township.

On 9 inst., by Rev. Aurand, James Wirt Aaronsburg, and Miss Miranda Bumgart Brush Valley.

At the residence of Charles Bierley, near Rebersburg, Pa., on the 22nd of December, 1875, by F. Aurand, Mr. Calvin Bierley to Miss Anna E. Caris, both of Tylersville, Pa.

At the residence of Jacob Bumgart, Esq., on Tuesday, the 9th inst., by the same Mr. John Hoy, Jr., of Jacksonville, Pa., to Mrs. Snyder Grimley, of Rebersburg.

At Unionville, on the 16th inst., by Rev. J. V. R. Hughes, Mr. Harry C. Frink, of New Brunswick, N. J., to Miss Maria M. Stover, of Unionville.

In Pine Grove, on the 18th inst., by Rev. M. G. Earhart, Mr. Wesley Erb to Mrs Susan Bloom, both of Ferguson Township.

At the residence of Philip Bradley, Snow Shoe, Pa., March 17th, by J. H. Crissman, J. P. Benjamin F. Fike of Centre County, to Miss Nancy J. Chatman of Centre County.

At the Baptist parsonage in Eagleville, Rev. W. A. Biggart, Mr. Harvey Miller, of Clintonville, Clinton Co., and Miss Livonia Cattle, Beech Creek, Pa.

DIED.

In Christian township, December 17th, 1875, Mrs. Anna G. Shope, of Snow Shoe, daughter of D. Wolf, Esq., in the 22nd year of her age.

In Marion township, on the 23rd ultimo, Philip Deitz, of lung disease, aged 73 years.

On Tuesday morning, the 16th inst., at the residence of his son, in Milesburg, George Lonberger, aged 90 years, 8 months and 14 days. Mr Lonberger was born in York, July 2nd, 1784.

In Penn township, on 9th inst., Hannah, wife of Jonathan Sandere, aged 57 years, 7 months and 9 days.

On the 28th ult., in Ferguson township, Catherine, wife of Samuel Wright, aged 67 years, 4 months and 15 days.

On the 26th ult., in Potter township, Mrs. Books, aged 70 years, 11 months and 26 days.

At the residence of John P. Harris, on Sunday morning, March 21st, 1875, Nannie, youngest daughter of the late John L. Walker, Stone Valley, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

(Huntingdon papers please copy.)